



Halfen HD Socket Lifting System





Leviat® A CRH COMPANY

We imagine, model and make engineered products and innovative construction solutions that help turn architectural visions into reality and enable our construction partners to build better, safer, stronger and faster.

Leviat is a world leader in connecting, fixing, lifting and anchoring technology.

From the build of new schools, hospitals, homes and infrastructure, to the repair and maintenance of heritage structures, our engineering skills are making a difference around the world.

We provide technical design assistance at every stage of a project, from initial planning to installation and beyond.

Our technical support services range from simple product selection through to the development of a fully customised project-specific design solution.

Every promise we make locally, has the commitment and dedication of our global team behind it. We employ almost 3,000 people at 60 locations across North America, Europe and Asia-Pacific, providing an agile and responsive service worldwide.

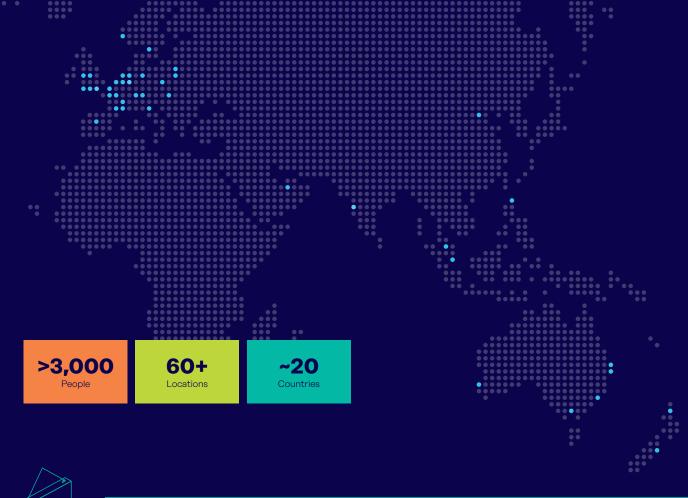
Leviat, a CRH company, is part of the world's leading building materials business.













Lifting & Bracing

Systems for the safe and efficient transportation, lifting and temporary bracing of cast concrete elements and tilt-up panels before permanent structural connections are made.

- Precast Lifting
- Tiltup Lifting
- Bracing & Anchorage

Other areas of expertise:



Structural Connections

Systems to form robust, efficient connections, and continuity of concrete reinforcement as necessary, between walls, slabs, columns, beams and balconies, providing structural integrity as well as enhanced thermal and acoustic performance.



Façade Support & Restraint

Systems for the safe and thermally-efficient fixing of the external building envelope, including brick and natural stone, insulated sandwich panels, curtain walling and suspended concrete façades, and also the repair and strengthening of existing masonry installations.



Anchoring & Fixing

Systems for fixing secondary fixtures to concrete, including anchor channels, bolts and inserts; also tension rod systems for roofs and canopies.



Formwork & Site Accessories

Non-structural accessories that complement our engineered solutions and help keep your construction environment operating safely and efficiently, including moulds for casting standard and special concrete elements and construction essentials such as reinforcing bar spacers.



Industrial Technology

Mounting channels, pipe clamps and other versatile framing systems that provide safe fixing in a wide range of industrial applications.

Leviat product ranges:

Ancon I Aschwanden I Connolly I Halfen I Helifix I Isedio I Meadow Burke I Modersohn I Moment I Plaka I Scaldex I Thermomass

Certified quality — Connected to safety.

The HALFEN HD Socket Lifting System meets the requirements of European Machinery Directive (MD) 2006/42/EC. The directive defines the required steel-load-bearing properties for anchor systems used for lifting.

In addition, the HALFEN transport anchors already meet the current EN 13155 standard; "Cranes – Safety – Non-fixed load lifting attachments".

Important changes for use in the UK:

The UK is transitioning to its own UK based approval system and, as a result, from January 2023 will no longer accept CE marking. Leviat already has new UKCA marking in place and from 2023 at the latest, the UKCA mark will also be applied directly to the lifting devices, as required by the UKCA regulations. The conformity assessment processes and standards that can be used to demonstrate conformity under UKCA marking are aligned with those required for CE marking, so there is no difference in performance or testing requirements.



EN 13155 is the first harmonized European standard and is therefore a product standard setting out detailed requirements for specified "partly completed machinery", in this case Non-fixed load lifting attachments. The standard serves to coordinate with the Machinery Directive, and on a European technical level, now also considers the decisive composite material concrete, in precast concrete components.

Previous, as a supplement to the Machinery Directive, the German guideline VDI/BV-BS 6205 regulated the resistances of embedded anchors required for the safe use of lifting anchor systems. In the process of publishing EN 13155, the guideline was also fundamentally revised. As before, it continues to provides basics and important additional information for manufacturing, design and use of lifting anchor systems.

The VDI/BV-BS 6205 continues to represent recognised standards of technology in this field; applicable, valid technical specifications will continue to be observed. In combination with EN 13155, we therefore guarantee a consistent high level of safety when using HALFEN HD Socket lifting anchors and lifting anchor systems.

All our lifting anchor systems are CE marked. This confirms conformity with MD 2006/42/EC and EN 13155. This catalogue includes the installation and application instruction as defined in EN 13155. Our lifting anchors and lifting anchor systems are subject to a system of regular internal and external monitoring. We guarantee consistent high quality and maximum safety for you, your company and your employees.

- ① Precast element
- 3 Lifting anchor
- ② Lifting anchor system ③+④
- 4 Lifting link

Dependability

High ductility — High performance even in extreme situations



Specially tempered steel guarantees extensive elastic and plastic properties. The required unique steel compositions to achieve these product characteristics are specified by us. Numerous tests and many years of experience guarantee the best possible results and maximum reliability in all applications.

Toughness at subzero temperatures — Same material characteristics irrespective of weather conditions

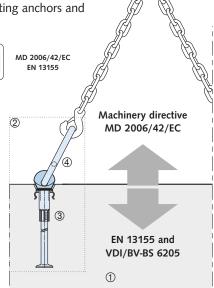


The special composition of the steel ensures constant identical characteristics (temperature independent). The steel used for our products exceeds the requirement of DIN EN 10025.

Quality control - for reliable application



By specifying products, materials and continual raw material and product monitoring, and testing by renown independent bodies and universities, our customers can be sure that the quality and properties of all our Anchors remain consistent.





CONTENT

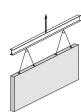
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System Overview

HD Transport anchor					
	HD Anchor 6360	HD Rod anchor 6361	HD Rod anchor offset		
Application	For lifting a wide range of different format precast concrete elements	For application in especially thin structural elements: garage walls, utility and modular structures	For application in sandwich elements; is used with a compensating beam for transporting and installation		
Load class	1,3 - 25,0	1,3 – 15,0	5,0 - 15,0		
	HD Short anchor 6360	HD Plate anchor 6370	HD Plain anchor with hole 6376		
Application	For transporting slab elements; for example floor and roof slabs	For transporting large, thin precast slabs elements that are lifted perpendicular to their main surface	For lifting thin precast walls or for use with low-strength concrete. Load transmission in the concrete is with hanger reinforcement inserted through the anchor hole.		
Load class	1,3 - 7,5	1,3 - 7,5	1,3 – 10,0		

HD Lifting devices	HD Lifting devices						
	HD Lifting link 6362	HD Perfect head lifting link 6377	Rotary head lifting link 6367	HD Adapter 6366			
Application	For lifting precast elements with cast-in HD Transport anchors	For lifting precast elements with cast-in HD Transport anchors	For lifting precast elements with cast-in HD Anchors. Especially suitable for diagonal and shear loads and for tilting and pitching.	The HD Adapter allows the HD Anchor range to be used with the HALFEN DEHA Universal head lifting link (spherical head anchor system).			
Load class	1,3 – 15,0	1,3 – 15,0	1,3 - 25,0	1,3 - 15,0			

System Overview

HD Anchor accessor	ries						
	HD Nailing plate, plastic		HD Nailing	plate, steel		HD Nailing plate, steel core + magnet	
	6358				6365		
Material	Plastic		St	eel		Steel	
Application	Т	the r	the HD Anchor to formwork: when using the HD link (6362), rotary head link (6367), the HD Perfect head (6377) he adapter (6366) for the Universal head clutch (6102)				
Thread sizes M/Rd			12	-52			
	Combi nailing plate, steel core+replacement r	ng		illing plate, placement ring		HD Identification cap	
	6510	6520					
Material	Ring: plastic, Thread: steel		Ring: plastic, Thread: steel			Plastic	
Application	To secure the HD Anchor to formwork when using the HD link (6362), the rotary head link (6367), the HD Perfect head (6377) and the adapter (6366) for the Universal head clutch (6102)		To secure the HD An formwork when usin, lifting link (6362), th (6367) and the HD P	g the HD e rotary head link	on the inst	cation cap provides information alled HD Anchor. The clip can d to secure potentially required ent.	
Thread sizes M/Rd	12 - 64		12 – 52		load class 1,3 - 15,0		
	Sealing caps		Sealing cap	Rubber moi	ıld	Retaining bolt S1	
	6359 6315	6315 6513		6329		TPA-S1	
Material	Plastic		Plastic	Rubber		Steel	
Application	Used to seal and protect threads against dirt and other impurities	s against dirt and other anchor a		Mould for making 10 concrete recess caps	mm thick	Used to secure the steel nailing plate to the formwork	
Thread sizes M/Rd	12 - 52		12 – 24	all load clas	ses	8, 12, 16	

Product Range HD Anchors

HD Anchor				
-	ad ass			
		Article name	Order no. 0740.130-	
	1,3	6360-1,3-130	00001	
	2,5	6360-2,5-140	00040	
	2,5	6360-2,5-200	00002	
ated	4,0	6360-4,0-258	00003	
socket zinc-plated	5,0	6360-5,0-325	00004	
et zi	7,5	6360-7,5-400	00005	
Sock	10,0	6360-10,0-475	00006	
	12,5	6360-12,5-550	00007	
	15,0	6360-15,0-575	80000	
	25,0	6360-25,0-630	00041	
	1,3	6360-1,3-130 A4	00009	
- A4	2,5	6360-2,5-200 A4	00010	
stee	4,0	6360-4,0-258 A4	00011	
ıless	5,0	6360-5,0-325 A4	00012	
socket stainless steel A4	7,5	6360-7,5-400 A4	00013	
cket	10,0	6360-10,0-475 A4	00014	
Soc	12,5	6360-12,5-550 A4	00015	
	15,0	6360-15,0-575 A4	00016	

HD Plate anchor				
Lo cla				
		Article name	Order no. 0740.180-	
	1,3	6370-1,3	00001	
ted	2,5	6370-2,5	00002	
Zinc-plated	4,0	6370-4,0	00003	
Zin	5,0	6370-5,0	00004	
	7,5	6370-7,5	00005	
A4	1,3	6370-1,3 A4	00006	
Stainless steel A4	2,5	6370-2,5 A4	00007	
.S SS	4,0	6370-4,0 A4	80000	
ainle	5,0	6370-5,0 A4	00009	
S	7,5	6370-7,5 A4	00010	

HD S	HD Short anchor					
Lo. cla						
		Article name	Order no. 0740.130-			
-	1,3	6360-1,3-070	00017			
plated	2,5	6360-2,5-090	00018			
: zinc-	4,0	6360-4,0-125	00019			
Socket zinc-plated	5,0	6360-5,0-140	00020			
01	7,5	6360-7,5-185	00038			
4	1,3	6360-1,3-070 A4	00021			
t eel A	2,5	6360-2,5-090 A4	00022			
Socket stainless steel A4	4,0	6360-4,0-125 A4	00023			
stainle	5,0	6360-5,0-140 A4	00024			
- S	7,5	6360-7,5-185 A4	00039			

HD Plain anchor					
	ad ass				
		Article name	Order no. 0740.190-		
	1,3	6376-1,3	00001		
	2,5	6376-2,5	00002		
Zinc-plated	4,0	6376-4,0	00003		
Zinc-F	5,0	6376-5,0	00004		
	7,5	6376-7,5	00005		
	10,0	6376-10,0	00006		
44	1,3	6376-1,3 A4	00007		
teel /	2,5	6376-2,5 A4	00008		
less s	4,0	6376-4,0 A4	00009		
stain	5,0	6376-5,0 A4	00010		
Socket stainless steel A4	7,5	6376-7,5 A4	00011		
Š	10,0	6376-10,0 A4	00012		

HD Rod anchor						
	ad ass					
		Article name	Order no. 0740.140-			
	1,3	6361-1,3-300	00001			
	2,5	6361-2,5-400	00002			
ated	4,0	6361-4,0-520	00003			
nc-pla	5,0	6361-5,0-540	00004			
Socket zinc-plated	7,5	6361-7,5-700	00005			
Sock	10,0	6361-10,0-800	00006			
	12,5	6361-12,5-920	00007			
	15,0	6361-15,0-1100	80000			
	1,3	6361-1,3-300 A4	00009			
A4	2,5	6361-2,5-400 A4	00010			
steel	4,0	6361-4,0-520 A4	00011			
less s	5,0	6361-5,0-540 A4	00012			
stain	7,5	6361-7,5-700 A4	00013			
Socket stainless steel A4	10,0	6361-10,0-800 A4	00014			
Soc	12,5	6361-12,5-920 A4	00015			
	15,0	6361-15,0-1100 A4	00016			

HD Rod anchor, offset						
-	ad ass					
		Article name	Order no, 0740,220-			
75	5,0	6361G-5,0-540	00001			
plated	7,5	6361G-7,5-700	00002			
t zinc-	10,0	6361G-10,0-800	00003			
socket zinc-plated	12,5	6361G-12,5-920	00004			
01	15,0	6361G-15,0-1100	00005			

Product Range Accessories

HD And	HD Anchor accessories									
	Plastic nailing plate Identification ca		•		ing plate, eel		ing plate, gnetic	HD Nailing plate, steel with thread-reduction, pre-assembled		
Load class					**************************************				** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	
	Article name	Order no. 0741.040-	Article name	Order no. 0741.170-	Article name	Order no. 0741.190-	Article name	Order no. 0741.180-	Article name	Order no. 0741.190-
1,3	6358-12	00001	6363-12	00001	6369-12	00001	6365-12	00001	-	-
2,5	6358-16	00003	6363-16	00002	6369-16	00002	6365-16	00002	6369-16	00102
4,0	6358-20	00005	6363-20	00003	6369-20	00003	6365-20	00003	6369-20	00103
5,0	6358-24	00006	6363-24	00004	6369-24	00004	6365-24	00004	6369-24	00104
7,5	6358-30	00007	6363-30	00005	6369-30	00005	6365-30	00005	6369-30	00105
10,0	6358-36	80000	6363-36	00006	6369-36	00006	6365-36	00006	-	-
12,5	6358-42	00009	6363-42	00007	6369-42	00007	6365-42	00007	-	-
15,0	6358-52	00010	6363-52	80000	6369-52	80000	6365-52	80000	-	-

HD Anc	HD Anchor accessories											
		g plate, I core	Replacement ring for Nailing plate, 6510 steel core		Replacement ring for 6520		Retaining bolt		Mould for recess fillers			
Load class	h =10 mm		h =10 mr		h =20 mm		h =20 mm				1000	
	Article name	Order no. 0741.080-	Article name	Order no. 0741.090-	Article name	Order no. 0741.210-	Article name	Order no. 0741.230-	Article name	Order no. 0073.060-	Article name	Order no. 0741.290-
1,3	6510-12	00101	6512-12	00001	6520-12	00101	6522-12	00001	S1-08	00001	6329-12-16	00001
2,5	6510-16	00103	6512-16	00003	6520-16	00103	6522-16	00003			0329-12-10	00001
4,0	6510-20	00105	6512-20	00005	6520-20	00105	6522-22	00005			6329-18-24	00002
5,0	6510-24	00106	6512-24	00006	6520-24	00106	6522-24	00006	S1-12	00002	0329-10-24	00002
7,5	6510-30	00107	6512-30	00007	6520-30	00107	6522-30	00007			6329-30-36	00003
10,0	6510-36	00108	6512-36	80000	6520-36	00108	6522-36	80000			0329-30-30	00003
12,5	6510-42	00109	6512-42	00009	6520-42	00109	6522-42	00009	C1 1C	00003	(220 42 52	00004
15,0	6510-52	00110	6512-52	00010	6520-52	00110	6522-52	00010	S1-16	00003	6329-42-52	00004
25,0	6510-64	00111	6512-64	00011	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

HD Anch	HD Anchor accessories											
	Sealing cap		Sealing cap*		Sealing cap		HD Assembly pin		Flat seal, rubber (yellow)			I for ling plate
Load class												
	Article name	Order no. 0741.280-	Article name	Order no. 0741.120-	Article name	Order no. 0741.130	Article name	Order no. 0741.300-	Article name	Order no. 0741.330-	Article name	Order no. 0741.350-
1,3	6313-12	00001	6359-12	00001	6315-12	00001			6334-	00001	6337-	00001
2,5	6313-16	00002	6359-16	00003	6315-16	00003	6220		Rd 12-16	00001	Rd 12-16	00001
4,0	6313-20	00003	6359-20	00005	6315-20	00005	6330- Rd 12-30	00001	6334-	00002		
5,0	6313-24	00004	6359-24	00006	6315-24	00006			Rd 20-24	00002		
7,5	-	-	6359-30	00007	6315-30	00007			6334-	00003	6337-	00003
10,0	-	-	6359-36	80000	6315-36	80000	-	-	Rd 30-36	00003	Rd 20-52	00002
12,5	-	-	6359-42	00009	6315-42	00009	-	-				
15,0	-	-	6359-52	00010	6315-52	00010	-	-	-	-		

 $^{^{\}star}$ see also page 7; for more detailed information refer to the Technical Product Information "HALFEN HA Socket Lifting System"

Product Range HD Lifting Links and Clutches/Application Notes

Lifting I	Lifting links										
	HD	Link	HD Perf	ect head	HD Rotary head link		HD Adapter		Universal head clutch		
Load class											
	Article name	Order no. 0742.130-	Article name	Order no. 0742.170-	Article name	Order no. 0742.230-	Article name	Order no. 0742.140-	Article name	Order no. 0738.010-	
1,3	6362-12	00001	6377-12	00001	6367-12	00001	6366-12	00001	6102-1,0/1,3	00001	
2,5	6362-16	00002	6377-16	00002	6367-16	00002	6366-16	00002	6102-1,5/2,5	00002	
4,0	6362-20	00003	6377-20	00003	6367-20	00003	6366-20	00003	6102-3,0/5,0	00003	
5,0	6362-24	00004	6377-24	00004	6367-24	00004	6366-24	00004	6102-3,0/3,0	00003	
7,5	6362-30	00005	6377-30	00005	6367-30	00005	6366-30	00005	6102-6/10	00004	
10,0	6362-36	00006	6377-36	00006	6367-36	00006	6366-36	00006	0102-6/10	00004	
12,5	6362-42	00007	6377-42	00007	6367-42	00007	6366-42	00007	6102-12/20	00005	
15,0	6362-52	80000	6377-52	80000	6367-52	80000	6366-52	80000	0102-12/20	00005	
25,0	-	-	-	-	6367-64	00009	-	-	-	-	

Preparation and installing to the formwork

Tix the nailing plate to the formwork (the steel nailing plate is held in place with a retaining bolt).



③ Turn the identification cap to the required position (depends on the position of subsequent reinforcement).



4 The HD Anchor can now be screwed to the nailing plate (see cut-away detail below).



Press the identification cap on to the sleeve. The sleeve protection is in place on delivery.



Steel nailing plates: The sleeve protection cap is turned inwards while screwing the assembly onto the steel nailing plate (see cut-away below).



Steel nailing plate: Use a retaining screw to fix the HD Anchor and the nailing plate to the formwork.



Colour codes; load classes

Colo	ur Loa	d class	Thread M/Rd
	red	1,3	12
	light grey	2,5	16
	green	4,0	20
	blue	5,0	24
	violet	7,5	30
	orange	10,0	36
	brown	12,5	42
	black	15,0	52
	green	25,0	64
Λ	The listed	load classe	s only

The listed load classes only apply for the HD Transport anchor system. The colour codes for the HALFEN DEHA HA Socket anchor system can be found in the technical product information "HALFEN DEHA HA Socket anchors".

10

Installation and Application

Safety regulations

The transport anchor system consists of the permanently cast-in transport anchor and the temporarily connected lifting equipment.

The basic principles for dimensioning and application of transport anchors can be found in the EN 13155.

The regulations require the following safety factors:

Safety against failure	
Steel failure of anchors:	$\gamma = 3.0$
Concrete failure*:	γ = 2.5
Breakage of lifting link:	$\gamma = 4.0$

 * A safety factor of γ = 2.3 can be assumed for transport anchors installed in a continuous supervised factory environment.

For safety reasons, the installation and application instructions for the HALFEN Lifting systems must always be available at the place of use.

The installation and application instructions must be kept readily available in the precast plant and on the construction site. The plant or site manager must ensure that the operator has read and understood the installation and application instructions for this system.

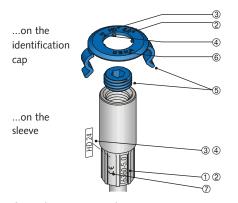
Quality control

All transport anchors and systems are quality controlled in accordance with DIN EN ISO 9001.

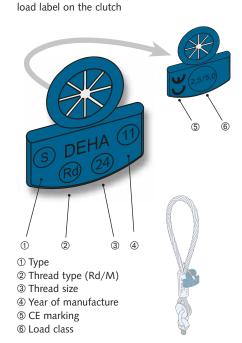
Identification

All HALFEN Lifting and hoisting equipment are clearly and visibly marked. According to EN 13155, identification marking of all lifting elements must remain clearly visible, even after installation.

Identification



- ① Article name, example: 6360
- 2 Load class, example: 5,0
- 3 HD = anchor type
- 4 Thread Rd, example: 24
- ⑤ Colour code for load class, example: blue for 5,0
- ⑥ Manufacturer mark
- $\ensuremath{\mathfrak{D}}$ CE marking
- ...on the



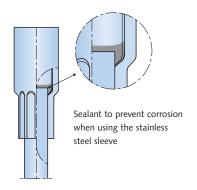
Stainless steel transport anchor

Repeated use of a transport anchor is not permitted. Multiple lifting within one transport-chain from production to final installation of an element is not regarded as repeated use and is therefore allowed.

Transport anchors for permanent use in crane ballast etc. must be made of stainless steel in accordance with the approval regulation for stainless steel; approval no. Z-30.3-6.

If the anchors are regularly exposed to frost and de-icing salt then the shaft must also be ordered in stainless steel.

Corrosion protection



Damaged anchors

Incorrectly cast or damaged transport anchors, for example damage caused by corrosion, visible deformation etc. must not be used for lifting.

Installation and Application

Criteria for anchor selection

Maximum load capacities, edge distances and installation values can be found in the respective tables. Irrespective of the selected anchor type (selected according to the load acting on the anchor) the following factors must be taken into account for calculation:

- > weight of the precast element
- > number of anchors
- > anchor layout
- > number of load-bearing anchors
- > spread angle in the hoist
- > anchor diagonal load properties
- > dynamic loads
- > adhesion to the formwork

Ensure sufficient pitching reinforcement if slabs are cast in the horizontal and subsequently lifted upright without a tilting-table.

Number of anchors

The number of anchors determines the type of hoist that needs to be used. A hoist with more than two cables is statically indeterminate if the anchors are aligned along a single axis. Hoists with more than three cables are deemed statically indeterminate if measures are not taken to ensure the load is distributed amongst all anchors (for example: with a spreader beam).

Installation and application

The HD Transport anchor system should only be installed when the following technical specifications and requirements have been met:

- > load capacity
- > edge distance
- > concrete grade strength
- > load direction
- > additional reinforcement

Load capacity

The load capacity of the anchor depends on:

- > concrete compression strength f_{ci} at time of lift (cube-test $15 \times 15 \times 15$ cm)
- > anchorage length of the anchor
- > edge and axial anchor-spacing
- > load direction
- > reinforcement layout

Load directions

Definition of load directions:

Axial load
The lifting link acts in the longitudinal direction of the cast-in lifting anchor

Diagonal load

The lifting link acts at an angle to the longitudinal direction directly in the element

Shear load

The lifting link acts perpendicular to the cast-in lifting anchor

Calculating the tension load

As a rule the tension-force Z in the anchor is calculated using the following formulae:

Load case; removing the formwork

$$F_Z = F_G \times z \times \xi / n$$

 $F_Z = (F_G + q_{adh} \times A_f) \times z / n$

Load case; transport

 $F_Z = F_G \times z \times \psi_{dyn} / n$

Abbreviations:

 F_Z = tension force on the anchor [kN]

F_G = element weight [kN] (according to DIN 1055-1 (06/2002) specific weight of $\gamma = 25 \text{ kN/m}^3$)

A_f = contact surface between the concrete and formwork [m²]

n = number of load-bearing anchors

z = spread angle factor

 ξ = formwork adhesion factor

 ψ_{dyn} = dynamic factor

q_{adh} = base value for formwork adhesion

F_{adh} = effective load caused by formwork adhesion [kN]

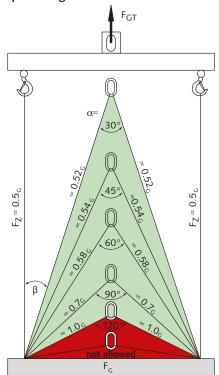
Installation and Application

Load on the anchor — dead-weight

Dead-weight of the element: Volume × specific weight of the concrete

Increase factors:

Spread angle



■ This spread angle is not permitted for cable spread!

Spread angle factor						
Cable angle	Spread angle	Factor				
β	α	Z				
0°	-	1.00				
7.5°	15.0°	1.01				
15.0°	30.0°	1.04				
22.5°	45.0°	1.08				
30.0°	60.0°	1.16				
37.5°	75.0°	1.26				
45.0°	90.0°	1.41				
52.5°	105.0°	1.64				
60.0°	120.0°	2.00				

Dynamic loads

The effect of dynamic loading depends mainly on the lifting equipment between the crane and the load lifting head.

Cables made of steel or synthetic fibre have a damping effect. With increasing cable length the damping effect is increased.

Short chains have an unfavourable effect. The forces acting on the lifting anchor are calculated taking the dynamic factor ψ_{dyn} into account.

Dynamic-factors Ψ _{dyn} *	
Lifting situation	Factors Ψ _{dyn} *
Stationary crane Swing-boom crane Rail crane	1.3
Lifting and moving on level terrain	2.5
Lifting and moving on uneven terrain	≥ 4.0

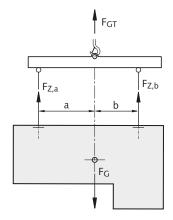
^{*} If other values from reliable tests or through proven experience are available for ψ_{dyn} , then these may be used for calculation.

For other transport and lifting situations the coefficient ψ_{dyn} is defined through reliable tests or proven experience.

Non-symmetrical anchor layout

The load in each anchor is calculated using bar statics if the anchors are not installed symmetrically to the centre of gravity.

Uneven loading of the anchor caused by non-symmetrical installed anchors in respect to the load's centre of gravity:



The centre of gravity of the load will always stabilise verticality under the crane hook. Load distribution in nonsymmetrical installed anchors when using a spreader beam is calculated as follows:

$$F_{Z,a} = F_G \times b / (a + b)$$

$$F_{Z,b} = F_G \times a / (a + b)$$

Design Considerations

Loads on the anchor – formwork adhesion

Adhesion:

reference:

> Adhesion forces

Depending on the material used for the formwork the adhesion between the formwork and concrete can vary.

The following table can be used as a

Adhesion to the formwork	
Lubricated steel formwork	$q_{adh} \ge 1 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Varnished timber formwork	$q_{adh} \ge 2 \text{ kN/m}^2$
Untreated formwork	$q_{adh} \ge 3 \text{ kN/m}^2$

The adhesion value (F_{adh}) for the formwork is calculated with the following equation:

$$F_{adh} = q_{adh} \times A_f$$
 1

① Surface of the cast slab attached to the formwork before lifting.

> Increased adhesion

Increased adhesion must be assummed for π -panel and coffered ceilings slabs.

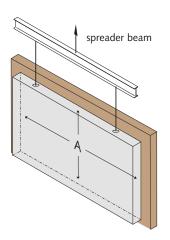
A multiple of the dead weight is used to simplify calculation.

Increased adhesion to the formwork				
π - panel	ξ = 2			
Ribbed panel	$\xi = 3$			
Waffled panel	ξ = 4			

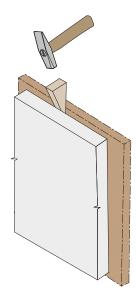
Substantial load increase can also be encountered when components are lifted parallel or near parallel to parts of the formwork. This applies to ribbed slabs and coffered ceiling slabs and can also apply to vertically cast columns and slabs.

> Striking the formwork

Adhesion to the formwork should be minimised before lifting by removing as many parts of the formwork as possible.



Use a wedge to carefully prise difficult to remove formwork from hardened concrete.



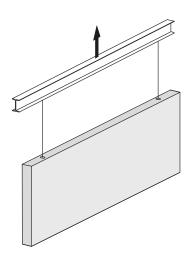


Note: To avoid precast elements hanging at a slant when being moved the hook in the spreader beam should be directly above the centre of gravity. If lifting elements without a spreader beam then the transport anchors should be installed symmetrically to the centre of gravity.

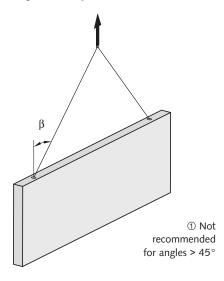
Design Considerations

Tensile loads at the anchors

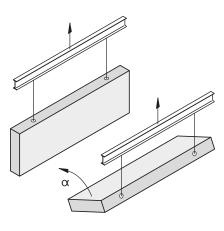
Axial load $\beta \text{: } 0^{\circ} \text{ to } 10^{\circ}$

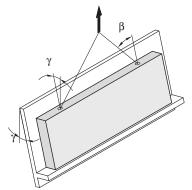


Diagonal load $\beta{:}~10^{\circ}$ to $60^{\circ}~\textcircled{1}$



Tilting α : 90°

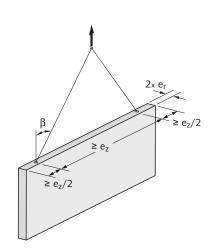




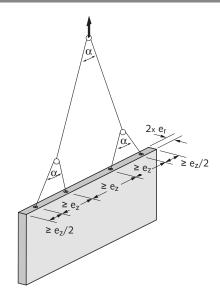
The shear reinforcement can be omitted when using a tilting table and a load angle of γ < 15°.

Static systems

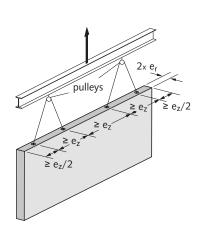
Positioning of anchors in walls



Assumed number of loadbearing anchors: n = 2



Assumed number of loadbearing anchors: n = 4



Assumed number of loadbearing anchors: n = 4

Installation and Application

Calculation — Static systems

Anchor layout in slabs

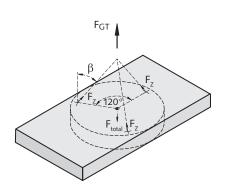
In general, a beam with more than two suspension points or a panel with more than three suspension points is classed as a statically indeterminate system; even if the anchors are arranged symmetrically to the load centre. Because of unavoidable tolerances in suspension systems and in the position of anchors, it should never be assumed that a load is distributed equally among all anchors.

Using tolerance-compensating suspension systems allow exact load distribution (e.g. articulated lifting beam combinations, multiple slings with compensating rig, etc.). This type of system should only be used by experienced personnel; also bear in mind that this system must be used both in the precast factory and on site. If in doubt assume only two anchors

are load-bearing (BGR 500 Ch. 2.8 Point 3.5.3). The use of two anchors is recommended for beams and upright panels installed symmetrically to the load centre. In both instances, it can be assumed that the two anchors will be subjected to equal loads.

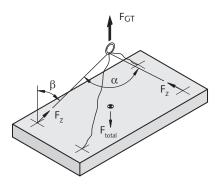
Examples

Using three anchors ensure a static determinate system.



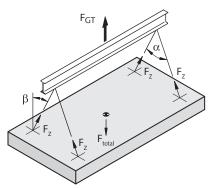
Assumed number of load-bearing anchors: n = 3

With four independent cable runs or two single diagonal cables, only two anchors can be assumed to be loadbearing.



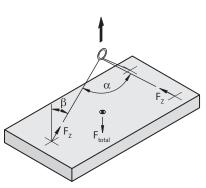
Assumed number of load-bearing anchors: n = 2

A perfect static weight distribution is achieved by using a spreader-beam and two symmetrical pairs of anchors.



Assumed number of load-bearing anchors: n = 4

The system with compensating rig makes it possible to distribute the load evenly over 4 anchors.

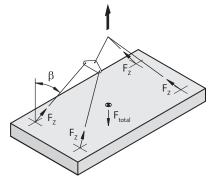


As the anchors are arranged

asymmetrically, only two anchors

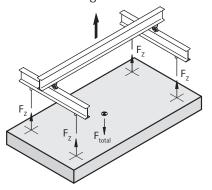
can be assumed to be load-bearing.

Assumed number of load-bearing anchors: n = 2



Assumed number of load-bearing anchors: n = 4

A perfect static weight distribution can be achieved using a spreader-beam which avoids diagonal load.



Assumed number of load-bearing anchors: n = 4

Installation and Application

Installation and application — Static systems

Reinforcement recommendations

To ensure correct load distribution and to prevent concrete failure different types of additional reinforcement must be installed. This reinforcement is not scope of delivery and must be supplied in the precast plant.

Standard reinforcement

Generally the main reinforcement consists of mesh reinforcement installed close to the surface on both sides of the slab. Optionally, a single layer of reinforcement can be installed centrically in slabs ≤ 80 mm thick.

Edge reinforcement

Edge reinforcement is normally present in the slabs. Edge reinforcement is only required for the HD Anchor load capacities in higher load classes (\rightarrow see also details on reinforcement in the tables on pages 24–34).

Diagonal load reinforcement

No reinforcement for diagonal load is required for up to 10° axial load in all directions.

The diagonal reinforcement can be omitted with diagonal loads between 10° and 30° and increased element thickness (edge spacing \geq e1).

Diagonal load reinforcement is always required for diagonal loads between 30° and 45°.

The diagonal reinforcement can be replaced with transverse reinforcement positioned on both sides of the anchor.

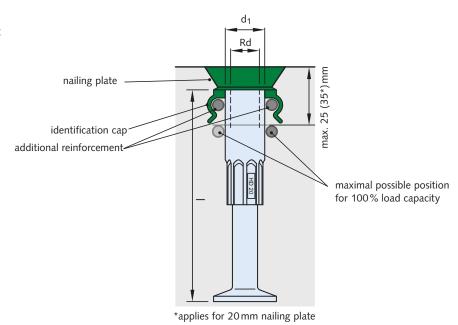
The reinforcement needs to be placed as close as possible to the top of the socket to achieve the load capacities listed in the tables.

Load capacity for diagonal loads is substantially reduced for anchors if the additional reinforcement is installed too deep in the concrete.

Transverse stress reinforcement

Transverse reinforcement is required on both sides of the anchor when lifting slabs upright, removing slabs from tilting tables at angles < 80° or if transported slanted at angles less than 70°.

Single side transverse reinforcement can be installed to ensure transverse loads only act to the one side.



Installation and Application

Using Lifting links

Only use the HD Lifting link and the HD Perfect head lifting link for lifting. For safety reasons using other lifting equipment, for example cable-loops is not permitted.



Labelling

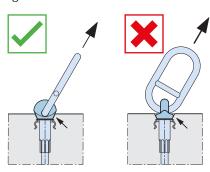
The HD Lifting links are marked with the product name identification, the type of link, the year of manufacture, the thread size and the load range.

Application

The HD Lifting link is a manually-operated connection.

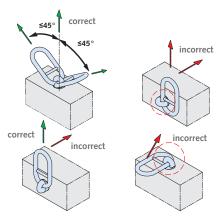
All applicable accident prevention and health and safety regulations must be observed.

Optimum load distribution is only possible if the direction of load is as shown below. If required, the HD Lifting link can be loosened by a maximum of 90° after being fully tightened.



The recess in the concrete made by the nailing plate matches the shape of the HD Lifting links exactly. This allows the lifting link to rest against the concrete when the anchor is subjected to diagonal or shear loads.

The following illustrations show correct and incorrect usage.



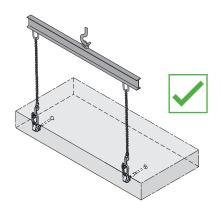
Maintenance

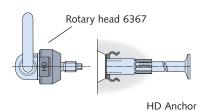
The contractor is responsible for ensuring that suitably trained personnel check the HD Lifting links before each application and that any damage found is repaired.

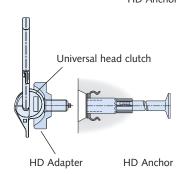
The contractor is also responsible for ensuring that the HD Lifting links are checked by an expert at least once a year. Using damaged HD Lifting links is very dangerous and is not permitted.

General information - pitching with HD Anchors

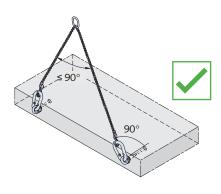
Always use a spreader beam when using the HD Lifting link 6362 or HD Perfect head 6377 to pitch a concrete panel. Pitching under diagonal load with HD Anchors and HD Lifting links 6362 or 6377 is not permitted.







Alternatively, if a spreader beam is not available it is possible to use the rotary head lifting link 6367 or the HD Adapter no. 6366 in combination with the universal head link no. 6102.



Installation and Application

Installation of the HD Lifting System

HD Anchors are delivered ready for use with a colour coded thread protector ready inserted. The HD Lifting link and the HD Anchors make up the HD Lifting system.



Fig. 1: Nailing plates are either nailed to the formwork or screwed in place using HALFEN Assembly pins through a hole in the formwork (see page 21). The HD Magnetic plate is recommended for use in steel formwork.

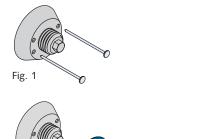
We recommend coating the nailing plate with formwork lubricant.

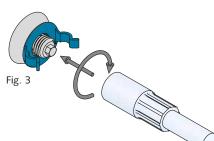
Fig. 2: Before installing the HD Anchor, the identification cap must be placed on the thread on the nailing plate. The HD Anchor with the inserted thread protection plug is then placed over the hexagonal stud of the nailing plate.

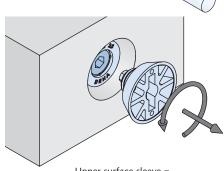
Fig. 3: By turning the HD Anchor the thread protection plug is simultaneously screwed down into the threaded socket. There should be no air gap between the nailing plate and the anchor socket. The identification cap which is now clamped between the anchor and the nailing plate must be rotated to the correct position (the position depends on the diagonal load reinforcement).

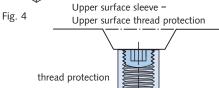
Fig. 4: After the concrete has hardened the nailing plate needs to be removed. To protect the thread ensure the thread protection plug has rotated back to the top of the socket.

Colour	code /	identification cap
Load	class	Colour
	1,3	red
	2,5	light grey
	4,0	green
	5,0	blue
	7,5	violet
	10,0	orange
	12,5	brown
	15,0	black
	25,0	green



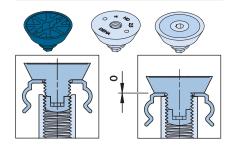






Nailing plates are used to fix the HD Anchors to the formwork. The nailing plates are colour coded according to the load class and are available in plastic or steel for load class 1,3 to 15,0.

Identification caps and thread protectors are not available for load class 25,0. Identification here is visible when cast in the concrete. The nailing plate article no. 6510 can be used for this load class.



Identification caps are packed separately. These must be fitted to the appropriate HD Anchor which has the same identification colour. The integrated thread protection remains in the HD Anchor permanently (Fig. 4).

The anchors must be adequately fastened to the reinforcement to prevent them moving during concreting. Using formwork wax on the nailing plate makes them easier to remove

We recommend filling up the hexagonal recess of the thread protection plug with formwork wax or lubricant after each use, particularly during winter. This prevents water getting into the hexagonal recess, which may freeze and block the connection between the thread of the lifting link and the socket protection system.

It is recommended to fill the entire nailing plate recess with formwork wax. This will make it easier to remove any ice which may form.

Installation and Application

Installing the HD Anchor using the assembly pin and steel nailing plate

Assembly pins are used in staircase formwork where protruding screws or bolts may present a hazard and are therefore not suitable. The assembly pin provides a safe and easy connection of HD Anchors to the formwork. Assembly pins can be used with nailing plates for load classes from 1,3 to 7,5.

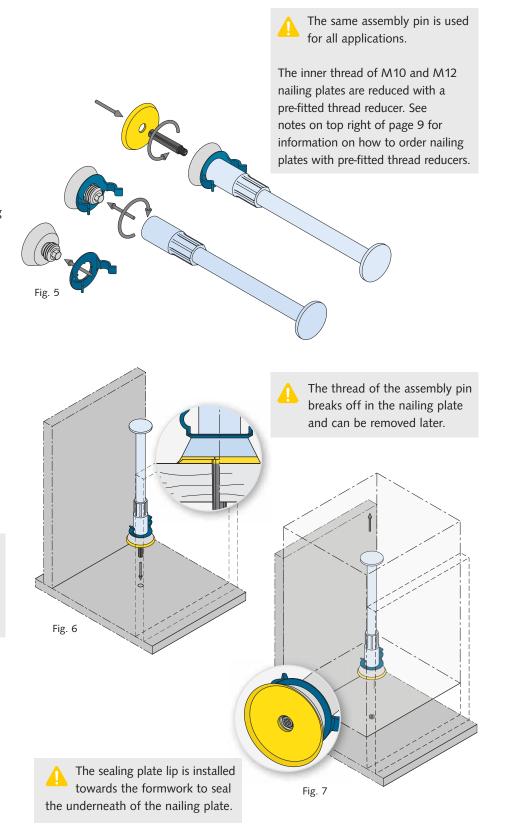
Fig. 5: The assembly pin is screwed in the steel nailing plate; then the sealing plate is placed over the assembly pin.

Fig. 6: The assembly pin is first screwed into the HD Anchor with the sealing plate held in place by the pin and then pressed through a pre-drilled 8 mm diameter hole in the formwork. The assembly pin can be used in both timber and steel formwork.

We recommend using the assembly pin only with self compacting concrete.

The seal between the steel nailing plate and the formwork prevents concrete from seeping into and blocking the holes in the nailing plate.

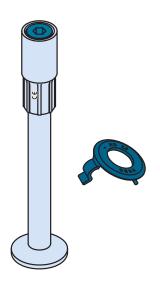
Fig. 7: For simple removal of the formwork the assembly pin has a design break-off point. This leaves the end of the pin in the steel nailing plate when striking the formwork. The pin end can be removed with a Phillips screwdriver; the steel nailing plate is reusable.



20

HD Anchor - Dimensions

HD Anchors - Dimensions

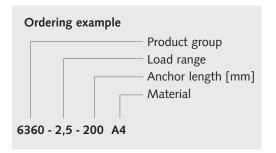


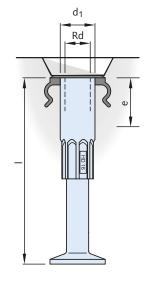
Application:

For transporting reinforced concrete elements of various sizes.

Load classes: 1,3 – 25,0

Scope of delivery: The identification cap is included in delivery up to load class 15,0 (not available for load class 25,0).





HD A	HD Anchor — Dimensions Addida — Order to — Order to — Thread — Sleeve													
Lo	ad	Article name	Order no. 0740.130-	Article name	Order no. 0740.130-	Thread diameter	Sleeve- diameter ^①	Length	Screw depth					
cla	iss	Socket zinc-plated		Socket stainless steel A4		Rd	d ₁ [mm]	l [mm]	e [mm]					
	1,3	6360- 1,3-130	00001	6360- 1,3-130 A4	00009	12	17 (15.5)	130	31					
	2,5	6360- 2,5-140	00040	-	-	16	22 (21)	140	36					
	2,5	6360- 2,5-200	00002	6360- 2,5-200 A4	00010	16	22 (21)	200	36					
	4,0	6360- 4,0-258	00003	6360- 4,0-258 A4	00011	20	27 (26)	258	42					
	5,0	6360- 5,0-325	00004	6360- 5,0-325 A4	00012	24	32	325	48					
	7,5	6360- 7,5-400	00005	6360- 7,5-400 A4	00013	30	39	400	58					
	10,0	6360-10,0-475	00006	6360-10,0-475 A4	00014	36	47	475	66					
	12,5	6360-12,5-550	00007	6360-12,5-550 A4	00015	42	55	550	75					
	15,0	6360-15,0-575	00008	6360-15,0-575 A4	00016	52	68	575	89					
	25,0	6360-25,0-630 [©]	00041	-	-	64	83	630	98					

① Smaller sockets in S460 grade steel are available for sleeve diameters in S355 grade specified above (see value in brackets). Delivery subject to confirmation. ② Lifted with the rotary head link 6367-64.

The value given for the concrete compressive strength in the table is for normal concrete as defined in EC2.

Please see the reinforcement drawing and the corresponding load class tables for additional required reinforcement; all additional reinforcement must be supplied by others and is not included in delivery.

We recommend using anchors with stainless steel sockets in external stair elements, especially when installed in the upperside of the element; if necessary with stainless steel heads (non-standard type).

HD Anchor - Load Capacities

			Minimum		chor		Allowab	le load cap	acity [kN] with co	ncrete stre	ngth f _{ci}	
oad	Article		element	layo	ut ①	15 [N/mm ² for		25 N/mm ²	for	35 N/mm ²	² for
lass	name	Rd	thickness 2 × e _r [mm]	e ₁ [mm]	e _z min [mm]	axial load and diagonal load up to 30°	diagonal load up to 45°	shear load 90°	axial load and diagonal load up to 45°	shear Ioad 90°	axial load and diagonal load up to 45°	she loa 90
			80			13.0	10.4	5.9				
1,3	6360-1,3-130	12	100	100	420	13.0	10.5	7.5	13.0	7.5	13.0	7.5
			120			13.0	10.5	7.5				
			100			13.5	10.8	6.8	17.4	8.8	20.6	10.
	6360-2,5-140	16	120	115	450	15.5	12.4	9.9	20.0	12.7	23.7	14.
			140			17.4	13.9	11.6	22.4	14.0	25.0	14
2,5			80			18.7	15.0	4.2	24.1	5.4		6.
	6360-2,5-200	16	100	115	640	22.7	18.2	6.8		8.8	25.0	10
			120			25.0	18.9	9.9	25.0	12.7		14
			80			24.0	21.6	4.1	31.0	5.3	36.6	6.
			100			29.8	26.9	6.9	38.5	8.9		10
4,0	6360-4,0-258	20	120	140	800	33.1	29.8	8.9		11.5		13
			140			36.0	31.8	12.9	40.0	16.6	40.0	19
			160			39.0	31.8	17.5		22.6		23
			100			33.4	33.4	9.3	43.1	12.0		14
			120			40.0	40.0	13.1		16.9		20
5,0	6360-5,0-325	24	140	150	1000	45.6	42.1	14.7	50.0	19.0	50.0	22
			160			49.0	42.1	20.0		25.8		28
			140			56.0	56.0	18.1	72.3	23.4		27
			160			66.8	66.8	24.2		31.2		36
7,5	6360-7,5-400	30	180	190	1230	71.8	67.7	31.1	75.0	40.1	75.0	42
			200			75.0	67.7	39.1		42.5		42
			160			78.7	78.7	24.0		30.9		36
			180			90.7	90.7	30.5		39.4		46
10,0	6360-10,0-475	36	200	200	1460	98.3	92.6	38.1	100.0	49.1	100.0	57
			220			100.0	92.6	46.2		57.0		57
			180			111.6	111.6	33.2		42.8		50
			200			125.0	120.2	40.1		51.7		61
12,5	6360-12,5-550	42	220	215	1690	125.0	120.2	48.4	125.0	62.4	125.0	71
			240			125.0	120.2	57.9		71.0		71
			180			114.1	114.1	29.2	147.4	37.7		44
			200			126.8	126.8	36.2		46.7		55
15,0	6360-15,0-575	52	220	240	1760	139.5	139.5	44.3		57.2	150.0	66
			240			150.0	144.8	53.0	150.0	68.5		81
			280			150.0	144.8	72.5		85.5		85
			240			167.0	133.6	51.0	215.5	65.5		77
			300			186.7	149.3	85.0		109.5		129
25.0	6360-25,0-630	64		300	1890	201.6	161.3	114.5		160.7	250.0	172
			350 300 1 400		215.5	172.4	136.8	250.0	162.5		175	
			500			241.0	192.8	156.5		162.5		175

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HD Anchor - Load Capacities

Load capacity

Axial load up to 10°

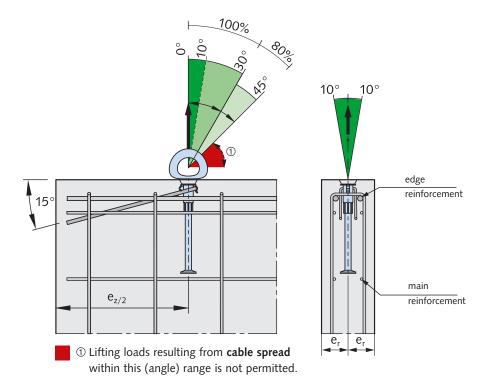
- > no diagonal reinforcement is required
- > 100% load capacity according to table on → page 22

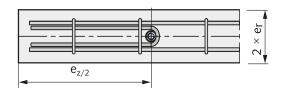
diagonal load; 10° to 30°

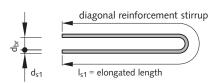
- > 100% load capacity according to table on → page 22, diagonal reinforcement is not required if e_r ≥ e₁ (table page 22)
- > shear reinforcement installed on both sides of the anchor can be used instead of diagonal reinforcement

diagonal load; 30° to 45°

- diagonal reinforcement is always required
- approximately 80% loadable in 15 N/mm²;
 100% loadable from 25 N/mm² according to the table → page 22
- > shear reinforcement installed on both sides of the anchor can be used instead of diagonal reinforcement



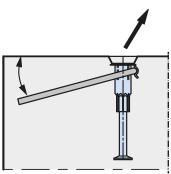




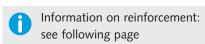
The bending roll diameter according to EC2 may be disregarded.



Diagonal reinforcement must be installed with direct contact to the socket.



Always install diagonal rebar opposite the direction of the load.



HD Anchor - Reinforcement

Reinf	orcem	ent — HD Anchor	'S													
				Minimum	Main			⑤ Re	quired	addditio	nal reinfo	rceme	nt* [mm]			
Lo	ad	Article	Rd	element thickness	reinforcement mesh both sides	axial load 10° [β]		agonal lo to 30°	ad	dia	agonal loa to 45° [ad		shear 90°		
cla	ass	name	Ku	2 × e _r [mm]	[mm²/m]	edge reinforce- ment	d _{s1}	I _{s1} ①②	d _{br}	d _{s1}	l _{s1} ①②	d _{br}	d _{s2}	I _{s2} ②	h ₂ ③	r ₁
				80		ment									33	
	1,3	6360- 1,3-130	12	100	188	_	ø 8	850	30	ø 8	1000	30	ø 8	550	43	15
				120											53	
				100											47	
		6360- 2,5-140	16	120	188	-	ø 10	1200	30	ø 10	1400	30	ø 12	750	57	20
	2.5			140											67	
	2,5			80											37	
		6360- 2,5-200	16	100	188	-	ø 8	1000	30	ø 10	1200	30	ø 12	750	47	20
				120											57	
				80											42	
				100											52	
	4,0	6360- 4,0-258	20	120	188	-	ø 10	1200	40	ø 12	1750	40	ø 16	910	62	25
				140											72	
				160											82	
				100											56	
	5,0	6360- 5,0-325	24	120	188	_	ø 12	1750	40	ø 14	2000	40	ø 16	1080	66	25
		0300 3,0 323	24	140	100		Ø 12	1750	40	, D 1 T	2000	40	0 10	1000	76	23
				160											86	
				140											84	
	7,5	6360-7,5-400	30	160	188	2 ø 12	ø 14	1750	50	ø 16	2000	50	ø 20	1300	94	30
	.,-			180		- ~	~			7					104	
				200											114	
				160											98	
	10,0	6360-10,0-475	36	180	188	2 ø 14	ø 16	2000	50	ø 20	2050	60	ø 20	1690	108	30
				200											118	
				220											128	
				180											117	
	12,5	6360-12,5-550	42	200	188	2 ø 14	ø 20	2050	60	ø 20	2200	60	ø 25	1650	127	40
				220											137	
				240											147	
				180											123	
	45.0	6260 45 0 575	50	200	400	0 44	2.0	2222	00	0.5	2222		0.5	10.10	133	40
	15,0 6360-15,0-575 5.	52	220	188	2 ø 14	ø 20	2200	80	ø 25	2200	80	ø 25	1940	143	40	
				240											153	
				280											173	
				240											174	
	25.0	6260 2F 0 620	6.4	300	100	2 ~ 16	« 25	2200	100	2 ~ 25	2200	100	2 ~ 25	2200	204	40
	25,0	6360-25,0-630	64	350 400	188	2 ø 16	Ø 25	2200	100	2 ø 25	2200	100	2 Ø 25	2200	229	40
															254	
				500											304	

① This reinforcement applies for 15 N/mm² concrete compression grade, shorter stirrups may be feasible for higher compression grades.

 $[\]odot$ elongated length \odot with $c_{min} = 20 \text{ mm}$

④ bent mesh reinforcement or equivalent rebar reinforcement

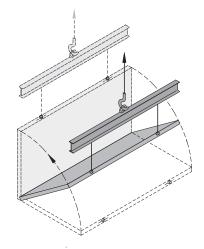
⑤ Diagonal load reinforcement and transverse stress reinforcement must be installed with direct contact to the socket. For this application it is irrelevant if the minimal bending roll diameter is below requirement.

^{*} additional reinforcement must be provided on-site

HD Anchor - Reinforcement

Shear load at 90°

- > tilting 90° (horizontal to vertical)
- > load capacity → see table on page 20



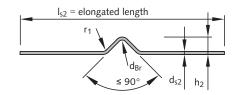
The shear reinforcement on both sides also serves as diagonal load reinforcement. Additional diagonal load reinforcement is not required.

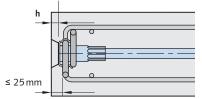
The additional shear reinforcement must be installed with full contact to the anchor.

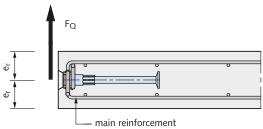


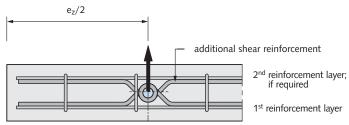
The height for the reinforcement depends on the installation depth for the socket and not on the required concrete cover.

Additional shear reinforcement





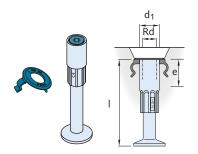






HD Short Anchors

Allowable load capacities, dimensions and reinforcement for HD Short anchors



Application: For lifting slab-type elements, floor slabs and similar.

Load classes: 1,3 - 7,5



Not suitable for lifting wall elements! Not suitable for shear loads in walls!

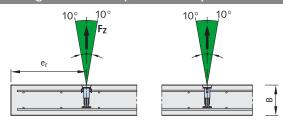
Table key:

- ① Smaller diameter sockets are available in S460 for selected sleeve diameter in S355 (see values in brackets). Delivery is subject to confirmation.
- 2 Elongated length
- ③ Diagonal load reinforcement must be installed with direct contact to the socket. For this application it is irrelevant if the
- minimal bending roll diameter is below requirement.
- (4) e_r = edge distance (e_r applies to axial load; for diagonal load, see reinforcement); e_z = axial spacing
- $\label{eq:state}$ The values for intermediate slab thicknesses may be interpolated. fci = cube concrete strength at time of lifting

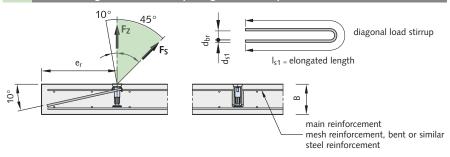
Dime	nsions	and reinforcen	nent — HD	Short anchor											
-	ad sss	Article name	Order no. 0740.130-	Article name	Order no. 0740.130-		Dimen HD Short		5	Main reinforcement mesh both sides	Requ	for shea	tional rei I r load up 1 @ [mm		nt ③
		zinc- plated		stainless steel A4		Rd	d ₁ ①	l [mm]	e [mm]	mm²/m	d _{s1}	15 N/mm ²	25 N/mm ²	35 N/mm ²	d _{br}
	1,3	6360-1,3-070	00017	6360-1,3-070 A4	00021	12	17 (15.5)	70	31	188	10	800	700	600	30
	2,5	6360-2,5-090	00018	6360-2,5-090 A4	00022	16	22 (21)	90	36	188	12	900	860	750	30
	4,0	6360-4,0-125	00019	6360-4,0-125 A4	00023	20	27 (26)	125	42	188	14	1020	860	750	40
	5,0	6360-5,0-140	00020	6360-5,0-140 A4	00024	24	32	140	48	188	14	1650	1400	1200	40
	7,5	6360-7,5-185	00038	6360-7,5-185 A4	00039	30	39	185	58	188	16	2000	1600	1400	50

Load	Load capacity — HD Short anchor													
-	ad ass	Article name	(r layout ④	Increased slab thickness	at concrete	ad capacity [k compression ad shear load	strength f _{ci}	Minimal slab thickness	at concrete o	ad capacity [k compression st id diagonal lo s	rength f _{ci} for		
Cit	233	Hame	e _r [mm]	e _z min [mm]	B ⑤ [mm]	15 N/mm ²	25 N/mm ²	35 N/mm ²	B ⑤ [mm]	15 N/mm ²	25 N/mm ²	35 N/mm ²		
	1,3	6360-1,3-070	140	210	115	13.0	13.0	13.0	115	13.0	13.0	13.0		
	2,5	6360-2,5-090	180	270	160	19.5	25.0	25.0	125	16.5	21.3	25.0		
	4,0	6360-4,0-125	250	375	220	31.2	40.0	40.0	160	25.3	32.6	38.6		
	5,0	6360-5,0-140	280	420	275	39.3	50.0	50.0	175	29.1	37.5	44.4		
	7,5	6360-7,5-185	370	560	360	59.4	75.0	75.0	240	44.9	57.9	68.5		

No diagonal load stirrup; axial load up to 10 $^\circ$



With diagonal load stirrup diagonal load up to 45°



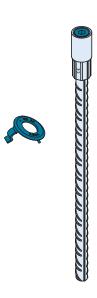
See reinforcement drawings and the load class tables for required additional reinforcement; must be provided on site.

The value for the concrete compressive strength is for normal concrete according to DIN EN 206; resp. DIN 1045-1.

Diagonal load reinforcement is not required if the axial load does not deviate more than 10° from the vertical.

HD Rod Anchor - Dimensions

Dimensions - HD Rod anchor



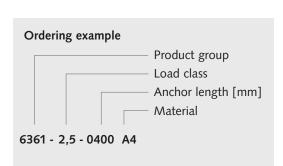
Application:

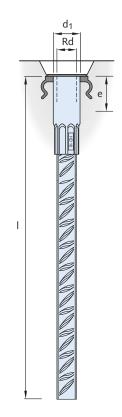
Used in minimal thickness precast concrete elements; e.g. prefabricated garages, transformer substations, utility and modular structures.

Load classes: 1,3 - 15,0

Scope of delivery: The identification

cap is included in delivery.





Dime	Dimensions — HD Rod anchor Article Order no Article Order no Thread diameter Socket diameter Length Screw don'th													
	ad 155	Article name socket	Order no. 0740.140-	Article name socket	Order no. 0740.140-	Thread diameter	Socket diameter	Length	Screw depth					
		zinc-plated		stainless steel A4		Rd	d ₁ [mm]	l [mm]	e [mm]					
	1,3	6361-1,3-0300	00001	6361-1,3-0300 A4	00009	12	17 (15.5)	300	31					
	2,5	6361-2,5-0400	00002	6361-2,5-0400 A4	00010	16	22 (21)	400	36					
	4,0	6361-4,0-0520	00003	6361-4,0-0520 A4	00011	20	27 (26)	520	42					
	5,0	6361-5,0-0540	00004	6361-5,0-0540 A4	00012	24	32	540	48					
	7,5	6361-7,5-0700	00005	6361-7,5-0700 A4	00013	30	39	700	58					
	10,0	6361-10,0-0800	00006	6361-10,0-0800 A4	00014	36	47	800	66					
	12,5	6361-12,5-0920	00007	6361-12,5-0920 A4	00015	42	55	920	75					
	15,0	6361-15,0-1100	80000	6361-15,0-1100 A4	00016	52	68	1100	89					
@ C	11		: - -	100 for coloated closus	J: t : C	255 /								

① Smaller diameter sockets are available in S460 for selected sleeve diameter in S355 (see values in brackets). Delivery is subject to confirmation.

See reinforcement drawings and the load class tables on the following pages for required additional reinforcement.*

The value for the concrete strength f_{ci} is for normal concrete according to DIN EN 206; resp. DIN 1045-1.

^{*} additional reinforcement must be provided on-site

HD Rod Anchor - Load Capacities

			Minimum	Anch	or layout	1		Loa	d capacity [k	N] with conc	rete strength	n f _{ci}	
oad	Article	Rd	element thickness		1 1 f _{ci} =	e _z min	1	5 N/mm ² for		25 N/m	m ² for	35 N/m	nm ² for
lass	name		2 × e _r [mm]	15 [N/mm ²]	25 [N/mm ^{2]} or higher		axial and diagonal load up to 30°	diagonal load up to 45°	shear load 90°	axial and diagonal load up to 45°	shear load 90°	axial and diagonal load up to 45°	shear loa 90°
			60						3.5		4.5		5.3
1,3	6361-1,3-0300	12	80	100	85	620	13.0	10.5	5.9	13.0	7.5	13.0	7.5
			100						7.5		7.5		7.5
			80						4.2		5.4		6.3
2,5	6361-2,5-0400	16	100	115	100	820	25.0	18.9	6.8	25.0	8.8	25.0	10.4
			120						9.9		12.7		14.0
			80				32.8	29.5	4.1		5.3		6.3
			100				35.8	31.8	6.9		8.9		10.5
4.0	6361-4,0-0520	20	120	140	120	980	38.2	31.8	8.9	40.0	11.5	40.0	13.6
	,		140				40.0	31.8	12.9		16.6		19.6
			160				40.0	31.8	17.5		22.5		23.0
			100				40.9	40.9	9.3		12.0		14.2
			120				44.2	42.1	13.1		16.9	50.0	20.0
5,0	6361-5,0-0540	24	140	150	125	1100	47.1	42.1	14.7	50.0	19.0	50.0	22.5
			160				50.0	42.1	20.0		25.8		28.0
			120				66.1	66.1	12.9		16.7		19.7
			140				70.1	67.7	18.1		23.4		27.7
7,5	6361-7,5-0700	30	160	190	160	1420	75.0	67.7	24.4	75.0	31.2	75.0	36.9
			180				75.0	67.7	31.1		40.1		42.5
			140				73.0	07.7	18.2		23.4		27.7
			160						24.0		30.9		36.5
10,0	6361-10,0-0800	36	180	200	170	1620	100.0	92.6	30.5	100.0	39.4	100.0	46.6
			200						38.1		49.1		57.0
													30.9
			140						20.2		26.1		40.1
12,5	6361-12,5-0920	42	160	215	185	1870	125.0	120.2	26.3	125.0	33.9	125.0	
			180						33.2		42.8		50.6
			200						40.1		51.7		61.2
			160						22.6		29.2		34.5
15.6			180	2.40	205	222	450.0	444.0	29.2	450.0	37.7		44.6
15,0	6361-15,0-1100	52	200	240	205	2230	150.0	144.8	36.2	150.0	46.7	150.0	55.2
			220						44.3		57.2		67.7
			240						53.0		68.5		81.0

Axial load up to 10°

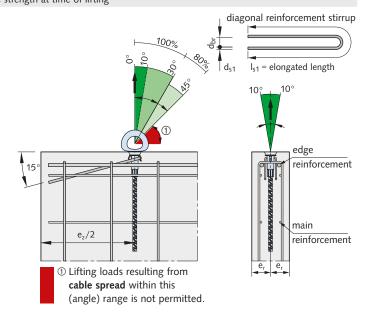
- > no diagonal reinforcement is required
- > 100% load capacity (see table above)

Diagonal load; 10° to 30°

- > 100% load capacity (see table above)
- > diagonal reinforcement is not required if $e_r \ge e_1$ (see table above)
- shear reinforcement installed on both sides of the anchor can be used instead of diagonal reinforcement

Diagonal load; 30° to 45°

- > diagonal reinforcement is always required
- approximately 80% loadable in 15 N/mm²; 100% loadable from 25 N/mm² (see table above)
- > shear reinforcement installed on both sides of the anchor can be used instead of diagonal reinforcement



HD Rod Anchor - Reinforcement

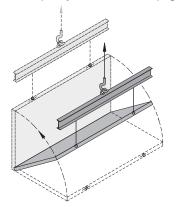
Reinf	orcem	ent – HD Rod anch	nor													
Lo cla		Article name	Rd	Minimum element thickness	Main reinforcement mesh both sides [®]	axial load up to 10° [β]		Req gonal lo up to 30	ad	dia	reinforce agonal lo up to 45	ad	[mm]	shea i 9i	r load O°	
				2 × e _r [mm]	[mm ² /m]	edge- reinforcement	d _{s1}	I _{s1}	d _{br}	d _{s1}	1 _{s1}	d _{br}	d _{s2}	I _{s2} ②	h ₂ ③	r ₁
	1,3	6361-1,3-0300	12	60 80 100	188	-	ø 8	860	30	ø8	1000	30	8	550	23 33 43	15
	2,5	6361-2,5-0400	16	80 100 120	188	-	ø 8	1000	30	ø10	1200	30	12	750	37 47 57	20
	4,0	6361-4,0-0520	20	80 100 120 140 160	188	2 ø 12	ø 10	1200	40	ø12	1750	40	16	910	42 52 62 72 82	25
	5,0	6361-5,0-0540	24	100 120 140 160	188	2 ø 12	ø 12	1750	40	ø14	2000	40	16	1080	56 66 76 86	25
	7,5	6361-7,5-0700	30	120 140 160 180	188	2 ø 14	ø 14	1750	50	ø16	2000	50	20	1300	74 84 94 104	30
	10,0	6361-10,0-0800	36	140 160 180 200	188	2 ø 14	ø 16	2000	50	ø20	2050	60	20	1690	88 98 108 118	30
	12,5	6361-12,5-0920	42	140 160 180 200	188	2 ø 14	ø 20	2050	60	ø20	2200	60	25	1650	97 107 117 127	40
	15,0	6361-15,0-1100	52	160 180 200 220 240	188	2 ø 14	ø 20	2200	80	ø25	2200	80	25	1940	113 123 133 143 153	40

① This reinforcement applies for 15 N/mm² concrete compression grade, shorter stirrups may be feasible for higher compression grades.

Shear reinforcement

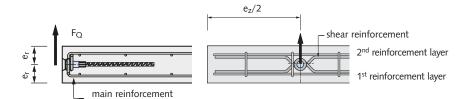
Shear load with 90°

- > tilting 90° (horizontal to vertical)
- > load capacity → see table on page 28



The shear reinforcement on both sides also serves as diagonal load reinforcement. Additional diagonal load reinforcement is not required. The additional shear reinforcement must be installed with full contact to the threaded socket.





② elongated length ③ with $c_{min} = 20 \text{ mm}$

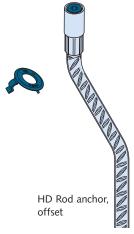
⁴ bent mesh reinforcement or equivalent rebar reinforcement

⑤ Diagonal load reinforcement and transverse stress reinforcement must be installed with direct contact to the socket. For this application it is irrelevant if the minimal bending roll diameter is below requirement.

^{*} additional reinforcement must be provided on-site

Offset HD Rod Anchor and Additional Reinforcement

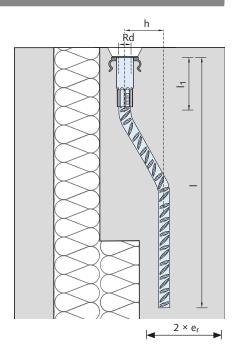
Dimensions - offset HD Rod anchor



Application:

The offset spherical head lifting anchor differs from the normal spherical head lifting anchor only by its cranked shape. This unique shape permits the use of this anchor for sandwich panels. The thickness of the load panel is increased around the anchor.

	С	offset											
Dimensions — offset HD Rod anchor													
Load	class	Article name	Order no. 0740.220-	Rd	l [mm]	l ₁ [mm]	h [mm]	Load capacity ① [kN] ②					
	5,0	6361G - 5,0-0800	00001	24	800	135	150	50.0					
	7,5	6361G - 7,5-0960	00002	30	960	165	150	75.0					
	10,0	6361G - 10,0-1060	00003	36	1060	180	150	100.0					
	12,5 6361G-12,5-1180		00004	42	1180	210	150	125.0					
	15,0 6361G-15,0-1360		00005	52	1360	230	150	150.0					



Please enquire for minimum order quantity and delivery times for other offset requirements (h).

Reinforcement — offset HD Rod anchors

② for axial and diagonal load ≤ 10°

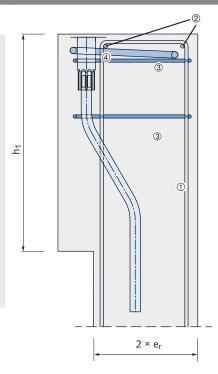
Reinforcement*

① for $\geq 30 \,\text{N/mm}^2$

- ① u-bar
- 2 edge reinforcement
- ③ stirrup
- additional reinforcement (only required for face-up production)

Diagonal load reinforcement and transverse stress reinforcement must be installed with direct contact to the socket. For this application it is irrelevant if the minimal bending roll diameter is below requirement.

*reinforcement must be provided on-site



The offset HD Anchor must be completely enveloped in concrete. The thickness in the load-bearing layer needs to be increased around the HD Anchor. The concrete cover on all sides of the anchor must be at least 2.5 cm.

Offset HD Rod Anchor and Additional Reinforcement

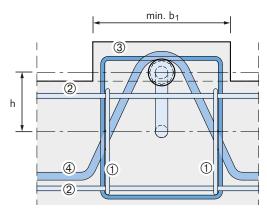
Offset	Offset HD Rod anchor – reinforcement												
	ad	Article	Main reinforcement mesh	Ed reinforce	ge ement ②	Stir reinforce	rup ement ③		nchor cement @		U-b	ar ①	
Cla	ass name		[mm ² /m]	number	ø [mm]	number	ø [mm]	ø [mm]	length [mm]	number	ø [mm]	leg length [mm]	
	5,0	6361G - 5,0 - 0800	2 × 188	2	10	2	8	16	1300	4	8	1300	
	7,5	6361G - 7,5 - 0960	2 × 188	2	12	2	8	20	1300	4	10	1450	
	10,0	6361G - 10,0 - 1060	2 × 188	2	12	2	10	20	1700	4	10	1600	
	12,5	6361G - 12,5 - 1180	2 × 188	2	12	2	10	25	1800	4	10	1800	
	15,0	6361G - 15,0 - 1360	2 × 188	2	12	2	10	25	1940	4	10	2050	

Reinforcement*

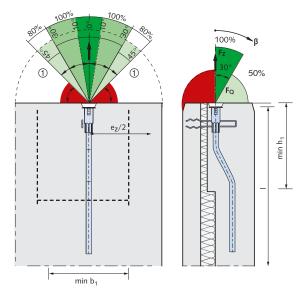
- ① u-bar
- 2 edge reinforcement
- 3 stirrup
- additional reinforcement (only required for face-up production)

Diagonal load reinforcement and transverse stress reinforcement must be installed with direct contact to the socket. For this application it is irrelevant if the minimal bending roll diameter is below requirement.

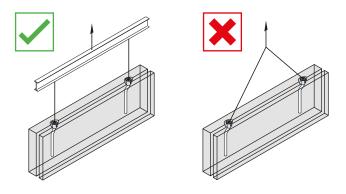
 * reinforcement must be provided on-site



Offset	: HD Ro	od anchor – element				
Lo cla	ad iss	Article name	$\label{eq:minimum} \begin{aligned} & \text{Minimum element thickness} \\ & \text{not allowing for anchor 2} \times e_r \\ & \text{[mm]} \end{aligned}$	min h1 [mm]	min b1 [mm]	min e _z /2 [mm]
	5,0	6361G - 5,0 - 0800	100	615	350	550
	7,5	6361G - 7,5 - 0960	120	675	350	720
	10,0	6361G - 10,0 - 1060	140	705	350	810
	12,5	6361G - 12,5 - 1180	140	750	450	940
	15,0	6361G - 15,0 - 1360	160	780	450	1120



Always use a spreader beam for pitching, lifting and transporting. Using a chain hoist for lifting elements with HD Anchors is not recommended.



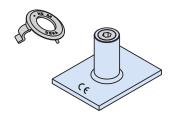
Angle range from 10°: Only permitted with 6367 Rotary head lifting link!

① Lifting loads resulting from **cable spread** within this (angle) range is not permitted.

Always use a tilting table for lifting elements upright

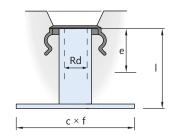
HD Plate Anchor

Load capacities, dimensions and reinforcement for HD Plate anchors



Application:

HD Plate anchors are designed for lifting large, thin-walled, precast concrete elements which are lifted perpendicular to their main surface (slabs and shells). Also available in stainless steel.



Dime	Dimensions and reinforcement — HD Plate anchor															
-	ad	Article name	Order no.	Dimensions HD Plate anchor				Main reinforcement mesh, both sides ②	axi	al and di	uired add agonal lo inforcem	ad	diagonal load ④ diagonal load stirrup			
		zinc coated	0740.180-	Rd	l [mm]	c [mm]	f [mm]	e [mm]	[mm²/m]	d _{s2} [mm]	l _{s2} [mm]	I _{s3} ① [mm]	h [mm]	d _{s1} [mm]	I _{s1} ① ③ [mm]	d _{br} [mm]
	1,3	6370-1,3	00001	12	46	50	50	31	188	4 ø 8	60	425	40	10	750	30
	2,5	6370-2,5	00002	16	54	60	80	36	188	4 ø10	90	640	50	12	1250	30
	4,0	6370-4,0	00003	20	72	80	100	42	188	4 ø12	110	830	55	12	1400	40
	5,0	6370-5,0	00004	24	84	100	130	48	188	4 ø16	140	1140	60	16	1500	40
	7,5	6370-7,5	00005	30	98	130	130	58	257	4 ø16	140	1250	60	16	1750	50

- ① elongated length
- 2 mesh reinforcement, bent or similar steel-rod reinforcement
- ③ For concrete compressive strength 15 N/mm²; shorter stirrups may be possible for higher concrete compressive strengths.
- Diagonal load reinforcement must be installed with direct contact to the socket.

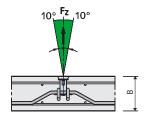
 For this application it is irrelevant if the minimal handing roll diameter is below required.
- For this application it is irrelevant if the minimal bending roll diameter is below requirement.
- *additional reinforcement must be provided on-site!

Load	capaci	ty — HD Plate anchor						
Loa	ad	Article	Minimum element thickness	Anchor p	osition ④	Load capacity [kN] with concrete compressive strength f _{ci} 15 N/mm ²		
cla	SS	name	B [mm]	e _z /2 [mm]	e _z min [mm]	axial load up to 10°	diagonal load up to 45°	
	1,3	6370-1,3	100	250	500	13.0	13.0	
	2,5	6370-2,5	115	400	800	25.0	25.0	
	4,0	6370-4,0	150	500	1000	40.0	40.0	
	5,0	6370-5,0	160	650	1300	50.0	50.0	
	7,5	6370-7,5	200	650	1300	75.0	75.0	

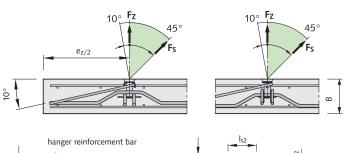
(4) e_z/2 = edge spacing; e_z = axial spacing; f_{ci} = cube concrete strength at time of lifting

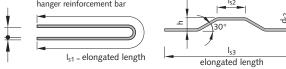
No diagonal reinforcement; axial load up to 10 $^\circ$

10° Fz 10°



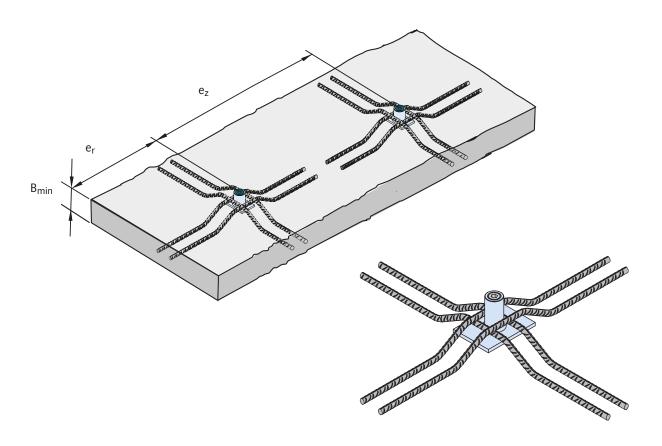
With diagonal reinforcement; diagonal load up to 45°





HD Plate Anchor

HD Plate anchor - Calculation and installation



Verification

Subject to slab calculation for the load case "lifting" and required bending reinforcement at the anchors.



Slab thickness

With diagonal load, because of the assumed bond stress, the slab thickness must not exceed 25 cm.

Observe the minimum slab thickness and reinforcement.

Installation; no restraint reinforcement

Additional reinforcement is placed and fixed on top of the bottom plate of the HD Plate anchor.

The rebars used as restraint reinforcement must be installed in two layers, at right angle with full contact to the foot-plate and as close as possible to the socket; the bottom layer must be installed parallel to the short sides of the plate.

Standard reinforcement is installed.

With restraint reinforcement

Restraint reinforcement is required in addition to the main reinforcement and the installed crossed additional reinforcement if the HD Plate anchor is subjected to more than 10° of diagonal load.

The restraint reinforcement is installed opposite to the direction of the load.

HD Plain Anchor

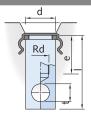
Approved load capacity, dimensions and reinforcement; HD Plain anchors with hole



Application: HD Plain anchors with hole are used for lifting thin precast walls. Also available in stainless steel.



HD Plain anchors with hole are not suitable for slabs!



Dim	Dimensions and reinforcement — HD Plain anchor [mm]														
		Article	Order no.	Dimensions of the HD Plain anchor					Mandatory reinforcement* for concrete strength f _{ci} = 15 N/mm ²						
L	.oad	name								axial load		diagonal load ③			
C	class	zinc coated	0740.190	Rd	l [mm]	d [mm]	t [mm]	e [mm]	d _{s1} [mm]	l _{s1} ① [mm]	d _{br1} [mm]	d _{s2} [mm]	I _{s2} ② [mm]	d _{br2} [mm]	
	1,3	6376 - 1,3	00001	12	65	21	13.5	31	10	650	40	8	850	25	
	2,5	6376 - 2,5	00002	16	70	28	17.0	36	12	1000	50	10	1200	30	
	4,0	6376 - 4,0	00003	20	85	38	24.5	42	16	1200	65	12	1400	40	
	5,0	6376 - 5,0	00004	24	93	40	25.5	48	16	1500	65	14	1750	50	
	7,5	6376 - 7,5	00005	30	116	46	28.0	58	20	1750	80	16	2000	50	
	10,0	6376 -10,0	00006	36	136	51	30.0	66	25	1850	100	20	2000	55	

① elongated length ② for concrete compressive strength 15 N/mm²; shorter stirrups may be possible for higher concrete compressive strengths.

③ Diagonal load reinforcement must be installed with direct contact to the socket.

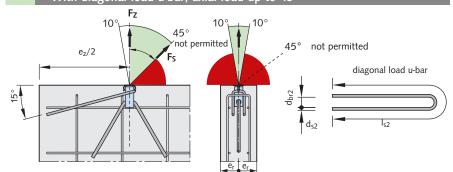
For this application it is irrelevant if the minimal bending roll diameter is below requirement.

*additional reinforcement must be provided on-site!

Α	lowable	load capacity -	- HD Plain anchor									
		Article	Minimum	Anchor I	ayout ④	Load capacity [kN] for concrete strength fci						
	Load	name	element thickness			15 N/r	mm² für	25 N/mm² für	35 N/mm² für			
	class		2 x e _r [mm]	e _r min [mm]	e _z min [mm]	axial load up to 10°	diagonal load up to 45°	axial load and diagonal load up to 45°	axial load and diagonal load up to 45°			
	1,3	6376 - 1,3	80	40	500	13.0	10.5	13.0	13.0			
	2,5	6376 - 2,5	100	50	600	25.0	20.0	25.0	25.0			
	4,0	6376 - 4,0	110	55	700	40.0	32.0	40.0	40.0			
	5,0	6376 - 5,0	120	60	750	50.0	40.0	50.0	50.0			
	7,5	6376 - 7,5	130	65	1000	75.0	60.0	75.0	75.0			
	10,0	6376 -10,0	140	70	1200	100.0	80.0	100.0	100.0			
_							4 1.4.					

 \oplus e_z/2 = min. edge distance; e_z = min. anchor spacing; f_{ci} = concrete cube strength at time of lifting

without diagonal load u-bar; axial load up to 10° not permitted e_{z/2} not permitted d_{br1} with diagonal load u-bar; axial load up to 45°



The minimum permitted axial spacing between lifting anchors is e_z .

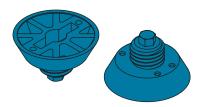
The required hanger reinforcement is inserted through the lower hole in the HD Plain anchor. The hanger reinforcement must be secured in place with full contact to the anchor. Refer to the reinforcement drawings and tables for each load class for any required additional reinforcement. The value given for concrete strength fci is for normal concrete according to DIN EN 206 or DIN 1045-1.



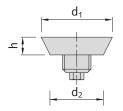
The reinforcement must be secured in place with full contact to the anchor.

Accessories

HD Nailing plate - plastic



The plastic nailing plates are colour coded according to the thread size.



Plastic nailing plates are used to attach HD Anchors to formwork; they are available for thread sizes from Rd 12 to Rd 52.

The resulting recess fits the shape of the HD Lifting link exactly.

The shape of the recess allows the lifting link to distribute shear or diagonal load more effectively into the concrete.

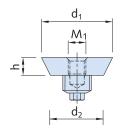
HD Na	HD Nailing plate; plastic											
Lo cla		Article name	Order no. 0741.040-	Thread M/Rd	h [mm]	d ₁ [mm]	d ₂ [mm]					
	1,3	6358-12	00001	12	10	40	30					
	2,5	6358-16	00003	16	10	40	30					
	4,0	6358-20	00005	20	10	55	45					
	5,0	6358-24	00006	24	10	55	45					
	7,5	6358-30	00007	30	10	70	60					
	10,0	6358-36	80000	36	10	70	60					
	12,5	6358-42	00009	42	12	95	85					
	15,0	6358-52	00010	52	12	95	85					

HD Nailing plate - steel



Finish: zinc plated

HD Steel nailing plates are available for thread sizes from Rd 12 to Rd 52



The resulting recess fits the shape of the HD Lifting link exactly. The shape of the recess allows the lifting link to distribute shear or diagonal load more effectively into the concrete.

The pre-assembled HD Nailing plate with adapter 6369-A is intended to be used with assembly pin 6330.

Thread can be reduced from M10/12 to M6 through applying the pre-assembled adapter.

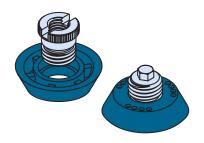
Steel nailing plates 6369-A are delivered in a zinc plated finish for thread sizes 1,3 to 7,5.

Nailing plate —	steel						
Load class	Article name	Order no 0741.190-	for Rd	h [mm]	d ₁ [mm]	d ₂ [mm]	M ₁
1,3	6369- 12	00001	12	10	40	30	6
2,5	6369- 16	00002	16	10	40	30	10
4,0	6369- 20	00003	20	10	55	45	12
5,0	6369- 24	00004	24	10	55	45	12
7,5	6369- 30	00005	30	10	70	60	12
10,0	6369- 36	00006	36	10	70	60	16
12,5	6369- 42	00007	42	12	95	85	16
15,0	6369- 52	80000	52	12	95	85	16

Nailing plate w	Nailing plate with adapter, pre-assembled											
Load class	Article name	Order no 0741.190-	for Rd	h [mm]	d ₁ [mm]	d ₂ [mm]	M ₁					
2,5	6369- 16 -A	00102	16	10	40	30	6					
4,0	6369- 20 -A	00103	20	10	55	45	6					
5,0	6369- 24 -A	00104	24	10	55	45	6					
7,5	6369- 30 -A	00105	30	10	70	60	6					

Accessories

HD Nailing plate with steel core and replacement ring - Height 10 mm



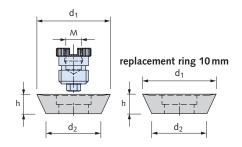
The HD Nailing plate which consists of a steel core and a replacement ring is used for fixing a HD Anchor to the formwork. Available in thread sizes Rd 12 to Rd 64.

The recess in the concrete made by the combi nailing plate matches the shape of the HD Lifting links exactly. This allows the lifting link to rest against the concrete when the anchor is subjected to diagonal or shear loads. The nailing plate core is made of chrome plated metal. The plastic ring is replaceable.



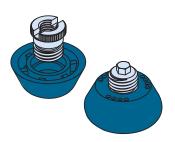
Replacement ring available separately (see Price list)

A retaining bolt is available to attach the nailing plate quickly and securely to the formwork. All bolts used to fix the HD Nailing plate to the formwork must be unscrewed and removed before striking the formwork.



Con	nbi nai	Replacement ring								
	oad lass	Article name	Order no. 0741.080-	Thread M/Rd	h [mm]	d ₁ [mm]	d ₂ [mm]	M [mm]	Article name	Order no. 0741.090-
	1,3	6510-12	00101	12	10	40	30	8	6512- 12	00001
	2,5	6510-16	00103	16	10	40	30	10	6512- 16	00003
	4,0	6510-20	00105	20	10	55	45	12	6512- 20	00005
	5,0	6510-24	00106	24	10	55	45	12	6512- 24	00006
	7,5	6510-30	00107	30	10	70	60	12	6512- 30	00007
	10,0	6510-36	00108	36	10	70	60	12	6512- 36	80000
	12,5	6510-42	00109	42	12	95	85	12	6512- 42	00009
	15,0	6510-52	00110	52	12	95	85	12	6512- 52	00010
	25,0	6510-64	00111	64	12	110	100	16	6512-64	00011

HD Nailing plate with steel core and replacement ring - Height 20 mm



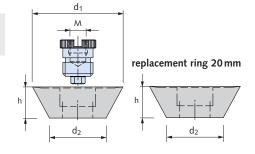
The HD Nailing plate which consists of a steel core and a replacement ring is used for fixing a HD Anchor to the formwork. Available for thread sizes from Rd 12 to Rd 52.

The nailing plate core is made of chrome plated metal; the replacement ring is made of flexible plastic.



Replacement ring available separately (see Price list)

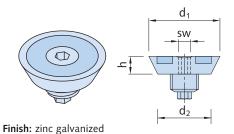
Bolts used to secure the HD Nailing plate to the formwork must be unscrewed and removed before striking the formwork.



Naili	ng plat	Replacement ring								
-	ad ass	Article name	Order no. 0741.210-	thread M/Rd	h [mm]	d ₁ [mm]	d ₂ [mm]	M [mm]	Article name	Order no. 0741.230-
	1,3	6520-12	00101	12	20	50	30	8	6522- 22	00001
	2,5	6520-16	00103	16	20	50	30	8	6522- 16	00003
	4,0	6520-20	00105	20	20	65	45	12	6522- 20	00005
	5,0	6520-24	00106	24	20	65	45	12	6522- 24	00006
	7,5	6520-30	00107	30	20	80	60	12	6522- 30	00007
	10,0	6520-36	00108	36	20	80	60	12	6522- 36	80000
	12,5	6520-42	00109	42	20	105	85	12	6522- 42	00009
	15,0	6520-52	00110	52	20	105	85	12	6512- 52	00010

Accessories

HD Magnetic plate

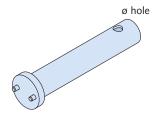


The zinc galvanized steel HD Magnetic plate can be used to secure HD Anchors to steel formwork. Available for thread sizes from Rd 12 to Rd 52. The nailing plate creates a recess in which the perfect head or the adapter is fixed.

Magnetic plate							
Load class	Article name	Order no. 0741.180-	Rd	h [mm]	d ₁ [mm]	d ₂ [mm]	SW*
1,3	6365- 12	00001	12	12	40	30	6
2,5	6365- 16	00002	16	12	40	30	6
4,0	6365- 20	00003	20	12	55	45	10
5,0	6365- 24	00004	24	12	55	45	10
7,5	6365- 30	00005	30	12	70	60	16
10,0	6365- 36	00006	36	12	70	60	16
12,5	6365- 42	00007	42	12	95	85	16
15,0	6365- 52	80000	52	12	95	85	16

^{*}metric wrench size

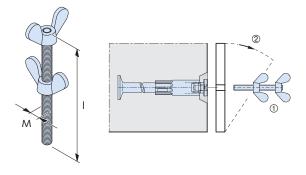
Tool for steel nailing plate



Tool — stee	Tool — steel nailing plate									
Load class	Article name	Order no. 0741.350-	Rd	ø hole [mm]						
1,3-2,5	6337-12/16	00001	12-16	10.5						
4,0-15,0	6337-20/52	00002	20-52	10.5						

Facilitates loosening and removal of steel nailing plates.

Retaining bolt S1



The retaining bolt is used to attach the steel nailing plate. A butterfly bolt is crimped to one end to tighten the bolt; an additional butterfly bolt is used to secure the bolt to the formwork.

Retaining bolt				
Load	Article	Order no.	Thread	1
class	name	0073.060-		[mm]
4,0-7,5	S1-12	00002	M 12	160
10,0-15,0	S1-16	00003	M 16	160

Removing the formwork:

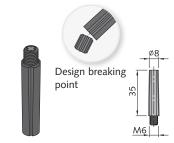
- ① First remove all retaining bolts
- ② Then remove the side of the formwork

Suitable retaining bolt: see the nailing plate selection tables

Accessories

Assembly pin, plastic

The assembly pin is used for quick removal of the formwork. The pin is screwed into the steel nailing plate with adapter. The assembly pin breaks off at the design breaking point when removing the formwork.

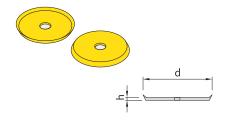


Design breaking point M6
m

Assembly pin, plastic							
Article name	Order no. 0741.300-	for load class					
		1,3					
		2,5					
6330-1,3-7,5	00001	4,0					
		5,0					
		7,5					

Sealing plate, rubber

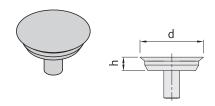
The rubber sealing plate is placed between the steel nailing plate and the formwork to prevent cement getting into the nailing plate holes when pouring the concrete. All sealing plates are coloured yellow.



Sealing plate	, rubber			
Article name	Order no. 0741.330-	for load class	d [mm]	h [mm]
6334-1,3-2,5	00001	1,3-2,5	40	1.5
6334-4,0-5,0	00002	4,0-5,0	55	1.5
6334-7,5-10,0	00003	7,5-10,0	70	1.5

HD Sealing plate, plastic

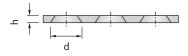
The grey HD Sealing plate is used to seal recesses and conceal (and protect) the HD Anchors. Available for thread sizes Rd 12 to Rd 24.

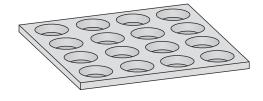


HD Sealing	plate, plasti	С		
Article name	Order no. 0741.280-	for Rd	d [mm]	h [mm]
6513-12	00001	12	40	10
6513-16	00002	16	40	10
6513-20	00003	20	55	10
6513-24	00004	24	55	10

Mould

Mould for making the concrete recess plugs to fill the recesses made by the nailing plates. Rubber, re-usable.





Rubber mould					
Article name	Order no. 0741.290-	for load class	h [mm]	d [mm]	Number of plugs
6329- 12-16	00001	1,3 + 2,5	8	37	16
6329- 20-24	00002	4,0 + 5,0	8	52	16
6329- 30-36	00003	7,5 + 10,0	8	67	16
6329- 42-52	00004	12,5 + 15,0	10	92	9

HD Lifting Devices

General information

Health and safety regulations must always be observed.

Regulations covering the use of cranes and other lifting equipment apply.

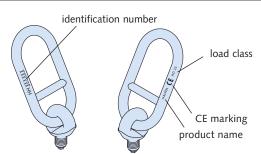
All HD Lifting links are identification marked.

HD Lifting link

While the HD Anchor link is installed, the hexagon shaped tip of the ring bolt simultaneously turns the integrated thread protector.

When the HD Lifting link is removed the plastic thread cap returns to the top of the socket to protect the thread.

If the anchor was cast in using the nailing plate or the magnetic recess former then the shape of the final recess allows the HD lifting link to





distribute shear or diagonal load more effectively into the concrete.



The threads must be checked regularly for damage. Recutting threads is not permitted.

Dimen	sions -	- HD Lifting links									
Loa cla		Article name	Order no. 0742.130-	Rd	weight [kg]	I _{total} [mm]	l [mm]	c [mm]	b [mm]	b ₁ [mm]	d [mm]
	1,3	6362-12	00001	12	0.57	177.5	153	18.5	76	50	13
	2,5	6362-16	00002	16	0.65	182.5	153	23.5	76	50	13
	4,0	6362-20	00003	20	1.21	197.0	162	29.0	82	50	16
	5,0	6362-24	00004	24	1.29	203.0	162	35.0	82	50	16
	7,5	6362-30	00005	30	2.40	228.0	177	43.0	94	50	22
	10,0	6362-36	00006	36	2.54	236.5	177	51.5	94	50	22
	12,5	6362-42	00007	42	4.84	286.5	219	59.5	117	65	26
	15,0	6362-52	80000	52	5.31	299.5	219	72.5	117	65	26



Before each use check all lifting equipment for correct application and visually inspect to ensure damage-free condition!

It is prohibited to use damaged lifting equipment!

HD Lifting links	— wear lin	nits						
Load class	1,3	2,5	4,0	5,0	7,5	10,0	12,5	15,0
thread Rd	12	16	20	24	30	36	42	52
		Link	length: we	ar limits "l'	" [mm]			
I _{max}	160	160	170	170	185	185	229	229
		Handle	thickness:	wear limits	"d" [mm]			
d _{min}	11.7	11.7	14.4	14.4	19.8	19.8	23.4	23.4
		Thread	thickness:	wear limits	"g" [mm]			
gmin	11.3	15.2	19.1	22.9	28.6	34.3	40.1	49.8
	-	I _{m.}	ax				g min	



Optional available certificates

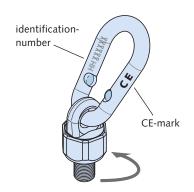
(please request when ordering)

- A certificate confirming that all guidelines and quality controlled manufacture were observed; also includes a certificate confirming the type of lifting link with an identification number and inspection table.
- In addition to the certificate a written report confirming the lifting link was tested to twice its nominal load capacity.

Please refer to the current price list for order numbers.

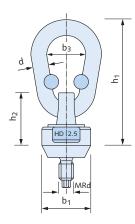
HD Lifting Devices

HD Rotary head lifting link



Application: The HD Rotary head lifting link can be used for diagonal as well as for shear loads.

The rotatable head facilitates insertion into the anchor; the HD Rotary head link can be screwed into the HD Anchor while still attached to the crane hook.



The 6367 Rotary head lifting link

- > forged spanner notches on the rotary link facilitate fitting /removal
- chrom (VI)-free galvanized coating provides up-to-date environmentally friendly corrosion protection
- > large load surface ensures smooth rotation and turning; even under load
- > link capable of pitching under diagonal load
- > minimal height link size





Before each use check all lifting equipment for correct application and visually inspect to ensure damage-free condition!

It is prohibited to use damaged lifting equipment!



Optional available certificates

(please request when ordering)

- A certificate confirming that all guidelines and quality controlled manufacture were observed; also includes a certificate confirming the type of lifting link with an identification number and inspection table.
- In addition to the certificate a written report confirming the lifting link was tested to twice its nominal load capacity. Please refer to the current price list for order numbers.

Dime	nsions	– HD Rotary head li	fting link							
	ad ass	Article name	Order no. 0742.230-	thread Rd	b ₁ [mm]	b ₃ [mm]	h ₁ [mm]	h ₂ [mm]	wrench [mm]	d [mm]
	1,3	6367-12	00001	12	40	32	100	25	34	13
	2,5	6367-16	00002	16	40	32	100	25	34	13
	4,0	6367-20	00003	20	55	34	126	28	46	16
	5,0	6367-24	00004	24	57	45	148	35	50	18
	7,5	6367-30	00005	30	70	46	163	41	65	20
	10,0	6367-36	00006	36	70	46	163	41	65	20
	12,5	6367-42	00007	42	95	60	201	48	75	23
	15,0	6367-52	80000	52	95	60	201	48	75	23
	25,0	6367-64	00009	64	110	70	246	59	95	30.5

HD Lifting Devices

Application – rotary head lifting link

Pitch limits

Maximal angle of 45° for diagonal load with cable spread or 90° in pitching.



Note! Reduced load capacity in shear load.

Installation

- > forged spanner notches on the head allow easy fitting/removal
- > crimp marks in the link prevent kinking
- > galvanic coating protects against corrosion, this includes the inner parts of the link

Range of movement

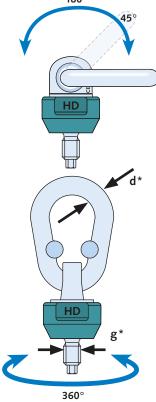
- > 180° pivot
- > 360° rotatable

Additional safety

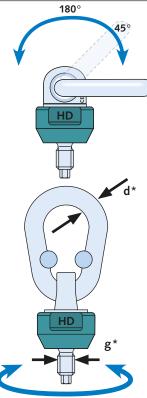
- > a failure safety factor of 4 applies for all load directions
- > rotatable under load



Checking the condition of the clutch using the HALFEN Check-card.



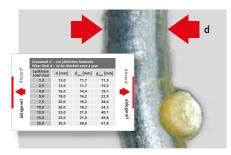
*(see table "wear limits")



plug. The security-mark must not have anv cracks.

Checking the life-span

Using the HALFEN Check-card the condition of the rotary head link is easily checked on-site (see table below) by checking the join-gap and the handle. If a HALFEN Check-card is not available a 0.5 mm thick piece of metal can be used instead.



Discard the lifting clutch

To determine if the lifting clutch must be discarded check the following: The joint in the rotary head lifting clutch, minimum thickness (d_{min}) of the lifting-bracket and the condition of the plug. (visual check of the colour security-mark).



Check the colour security-mark on the

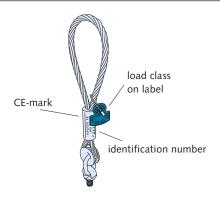
Check wear using the check-card/0.5 mm
Discard anchor if the card can be inserted
deeper than the red line (as illustrated).

		W	Wear limits - annual inspection						
Diagonal load ① ≤45°[kN]	Shear load ① [kN]		Load class	d [mm]	d _{min} * [mm]	g _{min} * [mm]			
13.0	7.5		1,3	13.0	11.7	11.3			
25.0	14.0		2,5	13.0	11.7	15.2			
40.0	22.5		4,0	16.0	14.4	19.1			
50.0	28.0		5,0	18.0	16.2	22.9			
75.0	42.5		7,5	20.0	18.2	28.6			
100.0	57.0		10,0	20.0	18.2	34.3			
125.0	71.0		12,5	23.0	21.0	40.1			
150.0	85.5								
250.0	130.0		15,0	23.0	21.0	49.8			
			25,0	30.5	28.6	61.8			

		uny cracks.									
Load	Load capacity - HD Rotary head lifting link										
Load Article class name		Order no. 0742.230-	Centric load ① [kN]	Diagonal load ① ≤45°[kN]	Shear load ① [kN]						
	1,3	6367-12	00001	13.0	13.0	7.5					
	2,5	6367-16	00002	25.0	25.0	14.0					
	4,0	6367-20	00003	40.0	40.0	22.5					
	5,0	6367-24	00004	50.0	50.0	28.0					
	7,5	6367-30	00005	75.0	75.0	42.5					
	10,0	6367-36	00006	100.0	100.0	57.0					
	12,5	6367-42	00007	125.0	125.0	71.0					
	15,0	6367-52	00008	150.0	150.0	85.5					
	25,0	6367-64	00009	250.0	250.0	130.0					
① see	① see pages 12-16 "Load directions"										

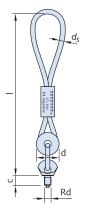
HD Lifting Devices

HD Perfect head lifting link



Application: The HD Perfect head lifting link is especially suited for diagonal loads and is used for lifting wall elements upright with load angles under 90°: Observe the application instructions for HD Anchors!

Optional available certificates:
Please request when ordering and refer to the current price list for order numbers. → see pages 39 or 40 for further information.



Dime	Dimensions — HD Perfect head lifting link									
	ad ass	Article name	Order no. 0742.170-	Rd	weight [kg]	 [mm]	d [mm]	c [mm]	d _s [mm]	
	1,3	6377-12	00001	12	0.5	300	41	18.5	8	
	2,5	6377-16	00002	16	0.9	390	54	23.5	11	
	4,0	6377-20	00003	20	2.0	510	70	29.0	14	
	5,0	6377-24	00004	24	2.4	550	70	35.0	16	
	7,5	6377-30	00005	30	5.8	700	98	43.0	20	
	10,0	6377-36	00006	36	6.9	760	98	51.5	22	
	12,5	6377-42	00007	42	11.0	860	124	59.5	24	
	15,0	6377-52	80000	52	14.0	940	124	72.5	28	

Checking the cable loops

All lifting equipment, including cable loops must be checked by a qualified expert at least once a year to ensure safety. There is no predetermined limit on the life span of a cable. We can only guarantee the safety and function of the perfect head if original cable-loops are used. Bolt threads must be checked regularly for any signs of damage. Recutting threads is not permitted.

Cables must be discarded if the following number of broken wires are visible:

Wire breaks								
cable type	Visible wire breaks over a cable length of:							
	3d	6d	10d					
strand cable	4	6	16					

Checking the cable loop must also include checking cable loop slip in the ferrule. Cables must not come into contact with acids, caustic solutions or other aggressive substances.

Cable loops are preferable hung in crane hooks with large cross sections. Crane hooks with sharp edges or with minimal cross sections and therefore small diameters may damage and cause cables to deteriorate faster, resulting in a shorter lifespan. Lifting clutches generally have a longer service life than cables, therefore, lifting clutches with cable loops that have been discarded can be returned to us to be repressed.

Cable loops must be checked for following defects:

- > kinking
- > breakage in a cable strand
- loosening of the exterior wires in the cable length
- > compressive deformation
- > crushing in the load area of the load loop with more than four wire breaks in strand-cables and more than ten breaks in wire-laid cables
- > signs of corrosion
- excessive wear in the cable or cableend connections
- > a large number of broken wires



Before each use check all lifting equipment for correct application and visually inspect to ensure damage-free condition!

It is prohibited to use damaged lifting equipment!

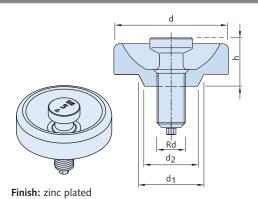
Checking the thread

See HD Link chapter, table on page 39 ("HD Lifting links – wear limits") see "g_{min}".

HD Lifting Devices

Adapter for HALFEN DEHA Universal head clutch

Application: The HD Adapter enables the HALFEN DEHA Spherical head lifting anchor system to be used with the HD Socket lifting system. The universal head lifting link of the appropriate load class can then be attached.



The 6366 adapter can only be used when the lifting anchor was installed in a precast concrete element using a nailing plate of 10 - 12 mm height. Using the adapter when a nailing plate with a height of 20 mm was used is not permitted.

Dimensions — HD Adapter									
Load class	Article name	Order no. 0742.140-	Rd	d [mm]	d ₁ [mm]	d ₂ [mm]	h [mm]	Suitable for the un	iversal head clutch Article name
1,3	6366-12	00001	12	70	40	30	30	-	6102- 1,3
2,5	6366-16	00002	16	78	40	30	38		6102- 2,5
4,0	6366-20	00003	20	97	55	45	45		6102- 5,0
5,0	6366-24	00004	24	97	55	45	45		6102- 5,0
7,5	6366-30	00005	30	117	70	60	60		6102-10,0
10,0	6366-36	00006	36	117	70	60	60		0102-10,0
12,5	6366-42	00007	42	117	95	85	95		6102-20.0
15,0	6366-52	80000	52	117	95	85	95		6102-20,0

Inspection procedure — HD Adapter

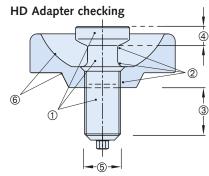
Discard the HD Adapter if:

- the bolt is bent or deformed in any way
- the thread is damaged or if there is any signs of cracks
- > minimal head thickness and thread diameter have been exceeded due to excessive wear
- > pressure plate wear has progressed so far that the universal head lifting link only has contact towards the top of the adapter-plate

Wear limits — HD Adapters									
Load class	1,3	2,5	4,0	5,0	7,5	10,0	12,5	15,0	
thread Rd	12	16	20	24	30	36	42	52	
wear limit									
minimum- thread-ø	11.6	15.5	16.6	23.4	29.3	35.2	41.1	51.0	
minimum head thickness ④ [mm]									
min. head thickness	7.0	10.0	11.5	11.5	16.0	16.0	24.5	24.5	

Before each use check all lifting equipment for correct application and visually inspect to ensure damage-free condition!

It is prohibited to use damaged lifting equipment!



- ① Visual inspection for bending in the screw/thread and for other deformation (rebending the screw/ thread is not permitted).
- ② Visual inspection of bolt for any signs of cracks.
- ③ Includes a visual inspection of the thread for any damage and atypical wear.
- 4 Check head thickness (see below).
- ⑤ Check thread diameter.
- **(6)** Visual inspection of pressure plate for obvious wear.

Installation of concrete recess plugs

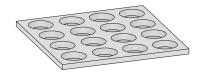
Sealing the nailing plate recess

Recesses in precast balconies, stairs or other elements can be sealed with plastic or steel recess fillers. These however remain visible in the element. If an aesthetic finish is required recesses can be cast in concrete using the same material as in the main element.

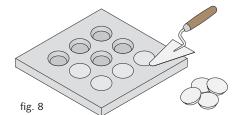
This provides a near uniform surface:

-) in the same colouring
-) in the same material
- > with the same texture

A PU (Polyurethane) mould is available to make custom recess fillers in the precast plant; this ensures a visually optimal solution.







The concrete recess fillers blend in to the surface of the precast concrete parts.

Making the recess fillers (fig. 8)

To achieve the required structure, place the recess filler mould with the larger ring diameter facing down on the formwork and fill with concrete from the same batch as the concrete component. The concrete is then levelled off. Remove the mould once the concrete has hardened; the recess fillers can now be removed from the formwork and used.

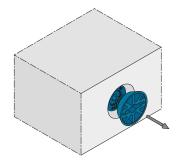


fig. 9

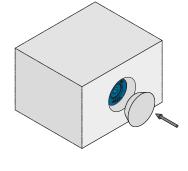


fig. 10

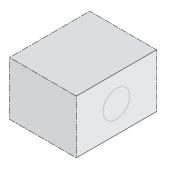


fig. 11

Fixing the recess fillers (fig. 9 – 11) After final installation of the precast element the recess fillers can be cemented in place.

We recommend using commercially available quick-set mortar.

The moulds are reusable.









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